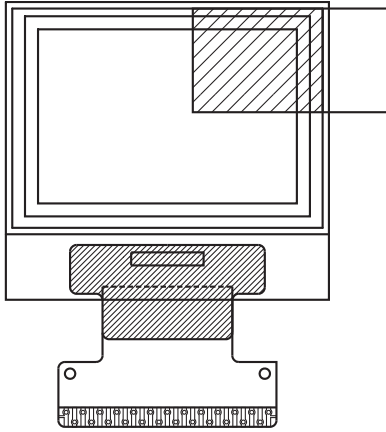# 96 x 64 Graphic OLED

FEATURES

- Type: graphic
- Display format: 96 x 64 dots
- Built-in controller: OLED-0010
- Duty cycle: 1/64
- +3 V power supply
- Interface: SSD1305Z
- Sunlight readable and polarizer optional
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

RoHS
COMPLIANT

MECHANICAL DATA

ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
Module dimension	24.9 x 22.95 x 1.65	mm
Viewing area	21.953 x 15.424	
Active area	19.946 x 13.418	
Pixel size	0.186 x 0.188	
Pixel pitch	0.208 x 0.210	
Mounting hole	n/a	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	STANDARD VALUE MIN.	STANDARD VALUE MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic [1][2]	V_{DD}	-0.3	4	V
Supply voltage for display [1][2]	V_{CC}	0	15	V
Operating temperature	T_{OP}	-40	+80	°C
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-40	+80	°C

Notes

[1] All the above voltages are on the basis of "V_{SS} = 0 V".

[2] When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to section 6 "electrical characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.
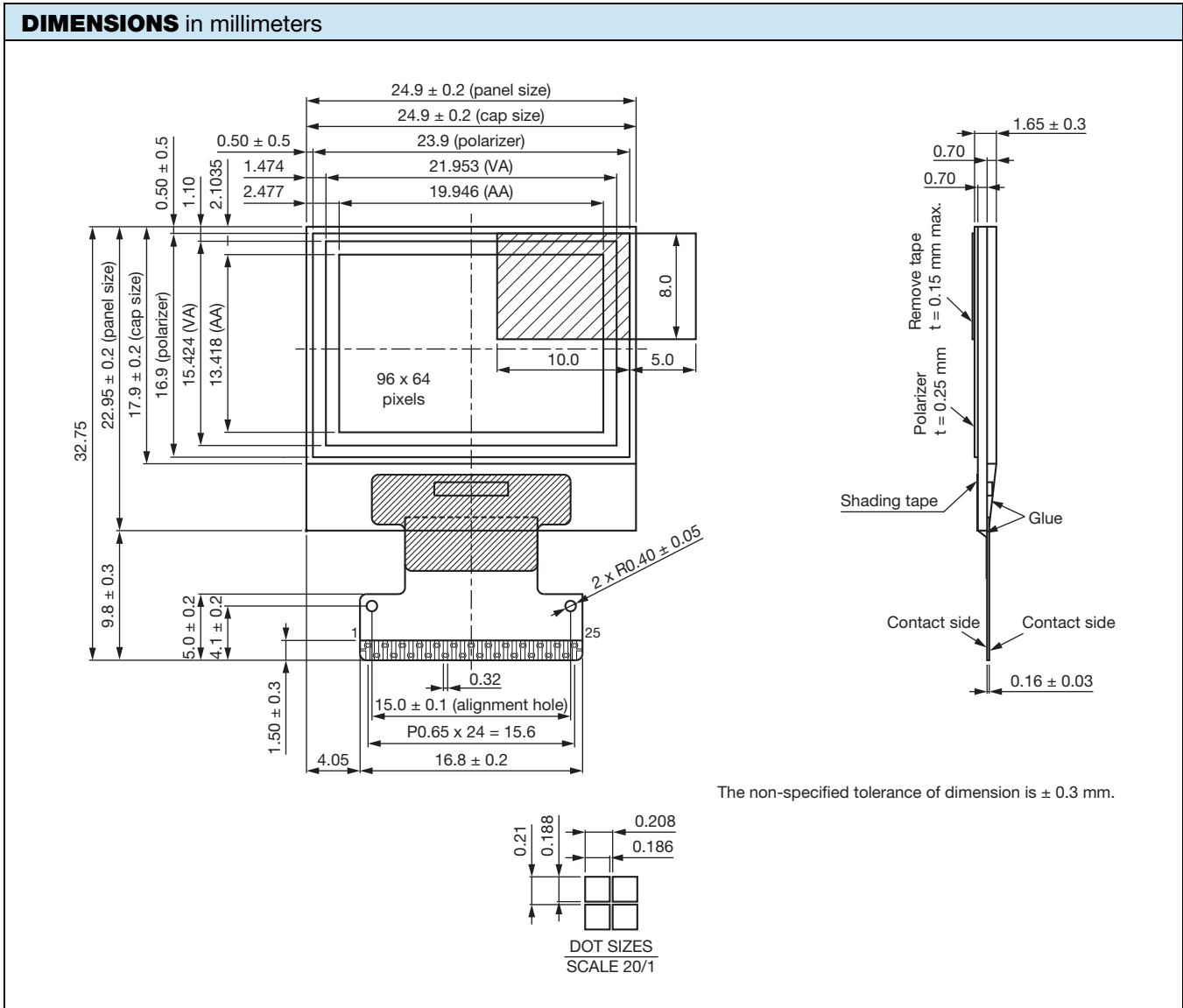
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic	V_{DD}	-	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply voltage for display	V_{CC}	-	10	12	14	
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	-	0.8 V_{DD}	-	$V_{DDI/O}$	
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	-	0	-	0.2 V_{DD}	
Output high voltage	V_{OH}	-	0.9 V_{DD}	-	$V_{DDI/O}$	
Output low voltage	V_{OL}	-	0	-	0.1 V_{DD}	
50 % check board operating current	I_{CC}	V_{CC} = 12 V	7	8	10	mA

OPTIONS

EMITTING COLOR					MOQ				
YELLOW	GREEN	RED	BLUE	WHITE	YELLOW	GREEN	RED	BLUE	WHITE
-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	Yes	-

For technical questions, contact: displays@vishay.com

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INTERFACE PIN FUNCTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	I / O	FUNCTION
1	NC (GND)	-	Reserved pin (supporting pin). The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.
2	V_{CC}	P	Power supply for OLED panel. This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. It must be supplied externally.
3	V_{SS}	P	Ground of logic circuit. This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
4	V_{DD}	P	Power supply for logic circuit. This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.
5	$V_{DDI/O}$	P	Power supply for interface logic level. It should be match with MCU interface voltage level. $V_{DDI/O}$ must always be equal or lower than V_{DD}.
6 7	BS1 BS2	I	Communicating protocol select. These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the following table: |	68XX-parallel	80XX-parallel	Serial	I²C
---	---	---	---	---
BS1	0	1	0	1
BS2	1	1	0	0	
8	CS#	I	Chip select. This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled low.
9	RES#	I	Power reset for controller and driver. This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed.
10	D / C#	I	Data / command control. This pin is data / command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7 to D0 is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7 to D0 will be transferred to the command register. For detail relationship to MCU interface signals, please refer to the timing characteristics diagrams. When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is selected, the data at SDIN is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN will be transferred to the command register. In I²C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.
11	R / W#	I	Read / write selector write. This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as read / write (R / W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "high" for read mode and pull it to "low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.
12	E / RD#	I	Read / write enable or read. This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the enable (E) signal. Read / write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	D0 to D7	I / O	Host data input / output bus. These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I²C mode is selected, D2 and D1 should be tired together and serve as SDA$_{out}$ and SDA$_{in}$ in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.
21	IREF	I	Current reference for brightness adjustment. This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and V_{SS}. Set the current lower than 10 μA.

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INTERFACE PIN FUNCTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	I / O	FUNCTION
22	VCOMH	O	Voltage output high level for COM signal. This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and V_{SS}.
23	V_{CC}	P	Power supply for OLED panel. This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. It must be supplied externally.
24	VLSS	P	Ground of analog circuit. This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to V_{SS} externally.
25	NC (GND)	-	Reserved pin (supporting pin). The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.

DIMENSIONS in millimeters

The non-specified tolerance of dimension is ± 0.3 mm.

DOT SIZES
SCALE 20/1

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1.Module Classification Information

OLED   -096   O   064   A   B   P   P   3   N   0   0   000
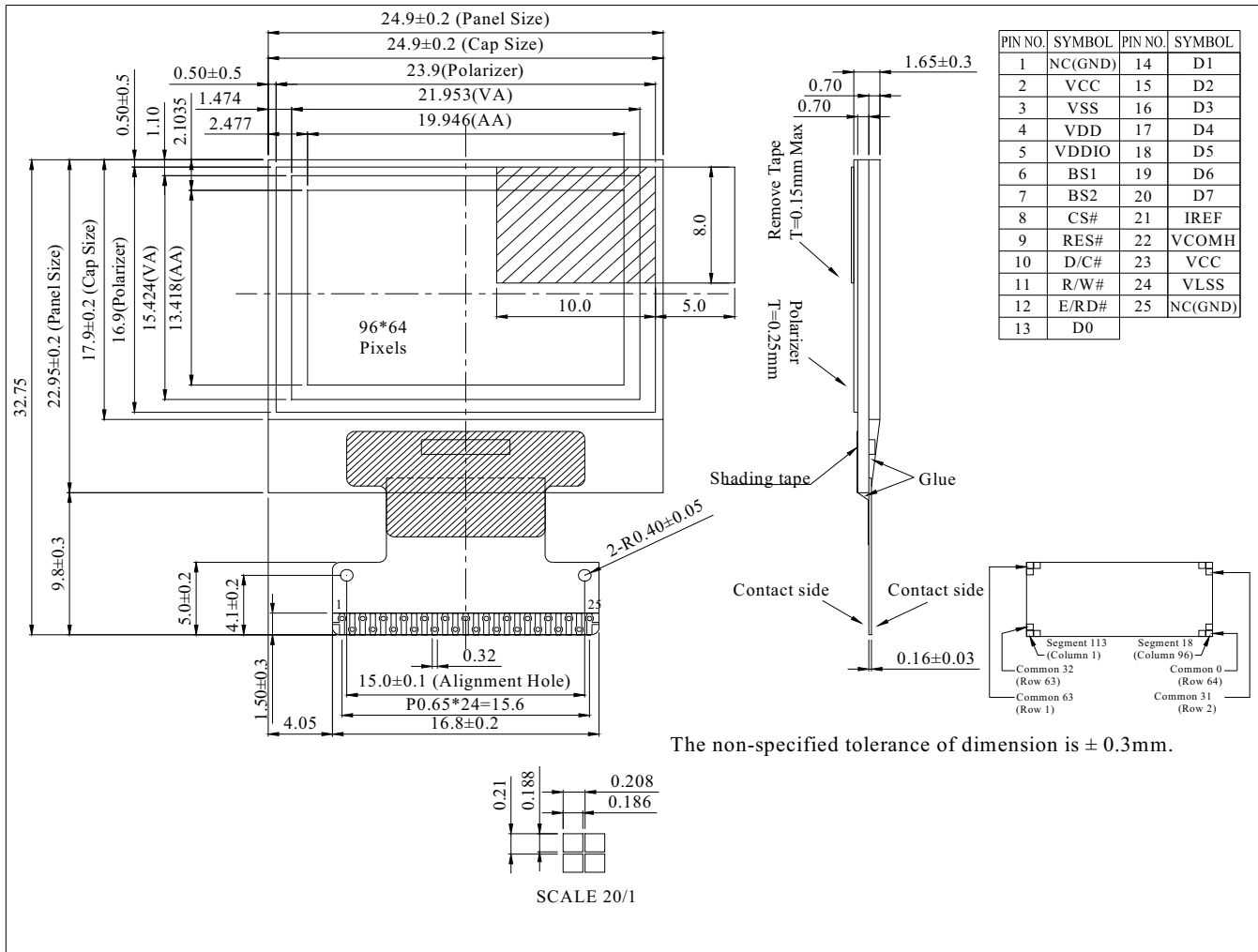   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   13

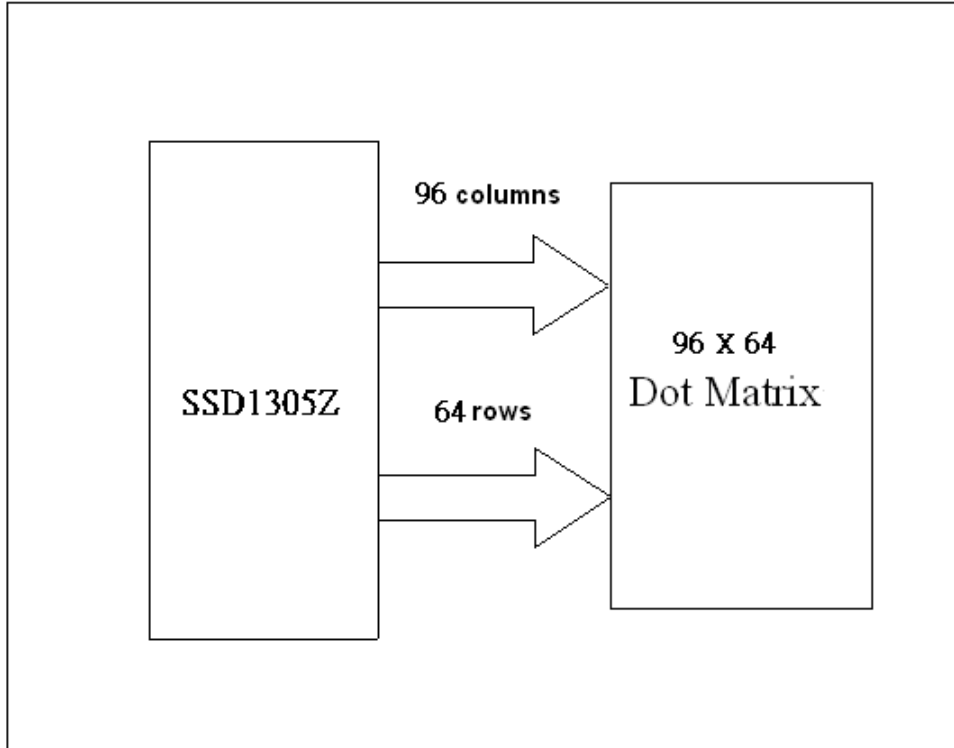| 1	Brand：Vishay Intertechnology, Inc.		
2	Horizontal Format:　96 columns		
3	Display Type：N→Character Type, H→Graphic Type, Y→TAB Type ,O→COG Type		
4	Vertical Format:　64 rows or lines		
5	Series code:　A		
6	Emitting Color	A：Amber	R：RED
		B：Blue	C：Full color
		G：Green	W：White
		Y：Yellow Green	L：Yellow
7	Polarizer	P：With Polarizer; N: Without Polarizer	
8	Display　Mode	P：Passive Matrix ; A: Active Matrix	
9	Driver Voltage	3: 3.0 V; 5: 5.0V	
10	Touch Panel	N：Without touch panel; T: With touch panel	
11	Products type	0：Standard type　1. Sunlight Readable type　2. Transparent OLED (TOLED)　3. Flexible OLED　4. OLED for Lighting	
12	Product grades	0：Standard(A-level)　2：B-level　3：C-level　4：high class(AA-level)　5：Customer offerings	
13	Serial No.	Application serial number(000~ZZZ)	

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2.General Specification

2.1. Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	96 x 64 Dots	—
Module dimension	24.9 × 22.95 × 1.65 (mm)	mm
Active Area	19.946 × 13.418 (mm)	mm
Pixel Size	0.186 × 0.188 (mm)	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.208 × 0.21 (mm)	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	
Display Color	Blue	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	SSD1305Z	

3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NO.	SYMBOL
1	NC(GND)	14	D1
2	VCC	15	D2
3	VSS	16	D3
4	VDD	17	D4
5	VDDIO	18	D5
6	BS1	19	D6
7	BS2	20	D7
8	CS#	21	IREF
9	RES#	22	VCOMH
10	D/C#	23	VCC
11	R/W#	24	VLSS
12	E/RD#	25	NC(GND)
13	D0		

24.9±0.2 (Panel Size)
24.9±0.2 (Cap Size)
23.9(Polarizer)
21.953(VA)
19.946(AA)

0.50±0.5
1.474
2.477
0.50±0.5
1.10
2.1035

8.0
10.0   5.0

96*64 Pixels

32.75
22.95±0.2 (Panel Size)
17.9±0.2 (Cap Size)
16.9(Polarizer)
15.424(VA)
13.418(AA)

9.8±0.3
5.0±0.2
4.1±0.2
1.50±0.3

2-R0.40±0.05

1   25
0.32
15.0±0.1 (Alignment Hole)
P0.65*24=15.6
16.8±0.2
4.05

1.65±0.3
0.70
0.70
Remove Tape T=0.15mm Max
Polarizer T=0.25mm
Shading tape   Glue
Contact side   Contact side
0.16±0.03

Segment 113 (Column 1)   Segment 18 (Column 96)
Common 32 (Row 63)   Common 0 (Row 64)
Common 63 (Row 1)   Common 31 (Row 2)

The non-specified tolerance of dimension is ± 0.3mm.

0.21
0.188
0.208
0.186

SCALE 20/1

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VCC Supplied Externally

*For more information, please refer to the SSD1305 datasheet.

4. Interface Pin Function

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
1.	N.C. (GND)	-	Reserved Pin(Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.
2.	VCC	P	Power Supply for OLED Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip.It must be supplied externally.
3.	VSS	P	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
4.	VDD	P	Power Supply for Logic Circuit This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.
5.	VDDIO	P	Power supply for interface logic level. It should be match with MCU interface voltage level. VDDIO must always be equal or lower than VDD.
6. 7.	BS1 BS2	I	Communicating Protocol Select These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the following table:

	68XX-parallel	80XX-parallel	Serial	I2C
BS1	0	1	0	1
BS2	1	1	0	0

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
8.	CS#	I	Chip Select This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled low.
9.	RES#	I	Power Reset for Controller and Driver This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed.
10.	D/C#	I	Data/ Command Control This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7~D0 is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 will be transferred to the command register. For detail relationship to MCU interface signals, please refer to the Timing Characteristics Diagrams. When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is selected, the data at SDIN is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN will be transferred to the command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.
11.	R/W#	I	Read/ Write Selector Write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XXinterface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.
12.	E/RD#	I	Read/Write Enable or Read

			This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low.
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20.	D0~D7	I/O	Host Data In put/ Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I2Cmode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together and serve as SDAout & SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.
21.	IREF	I	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 10µA.
22.	VCOMH	O	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
23.	VCC	P	Power Supply for OLED Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip.It must be supplied externally.
24.	VLSS	P	Ground of Analog Circuit This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to VSS externally.
25.	N.C. (GND)	-	Reserved Pin(Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.

5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	15	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+80	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".
Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 ''Electrical Characteristics''. If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate

6.Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	—	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	—	10	12	14	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	—	0.8×VDD	—	VDDIO	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	—	0	—	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	—	0.9×VDD	—	VDDIO	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	—	0	—	0.1×VDD	V
50% Check Board operating Current	ICC	VCC=12V	7	8	10	mA

7.Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ		160			deg
	(H)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1		─	─
Response Time	T rise	─		10		μs
	T fall	─		10		μs
Display with 50% check Board Brightness			60	80		cd/m2
CIEx(Blue)		(CIE1931)	0.12	0.16	0.20	
CIEy(Blue)		(CIE1931)	0.19	0.23	0.27	

OLED-096O064A-BPP3N00000
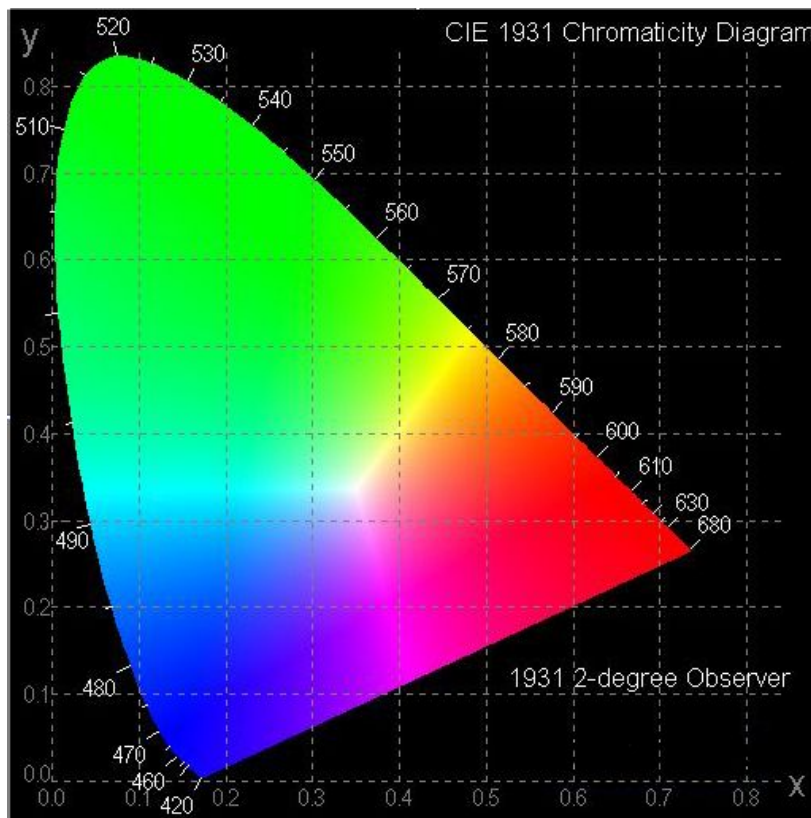
8.OLED Lifetime
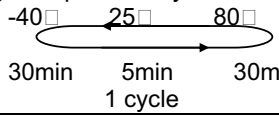
ITEM	Conditions	Min	Typ	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25℃ / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	40,000 Hrs	50,000 Hrs	Note

Notes:
1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmental Test			
Test Item	**Content of Test**	**Test Condition**	**Applicable Standard**
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80□ 240hrs	____
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40□ 240hrs	____
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80□ 240hrs	____
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40□ 240hrs	____
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60□,90%RH 240hrs	____
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40□　　25□　　　80□ 30min　　5min　　30min 1 cycle	-40□/80□ 100 cycles	____
Mechanical Test			
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hr	____
Shock test	Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.	50G Half sin wave 11 ms 3 times of each direction	____
Atmospheric pressure test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.	115mbar 40hrs	____
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=800V,RS=1.5kΩ CS=100pF 1 time	____

*** Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25℃

Test and measurement conditions

1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria
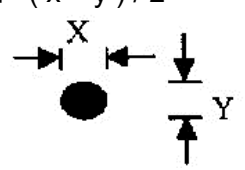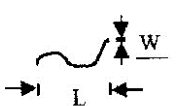
1. The function test is OK.
2. No observable defects.
3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:
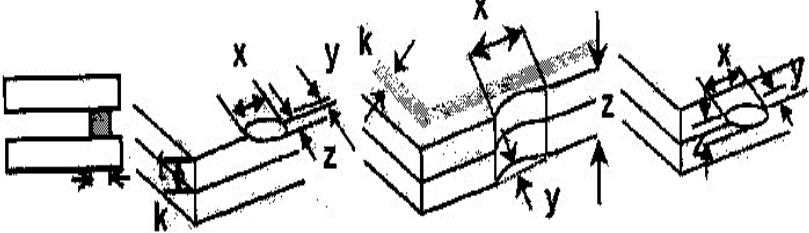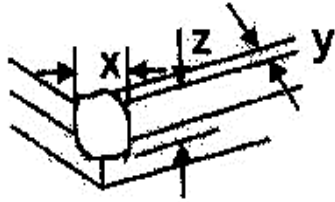
RESIDUE IMAGE
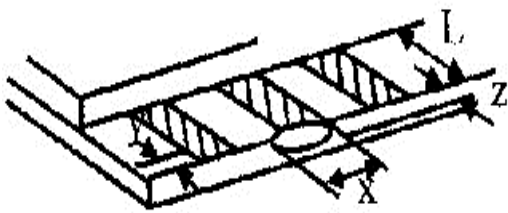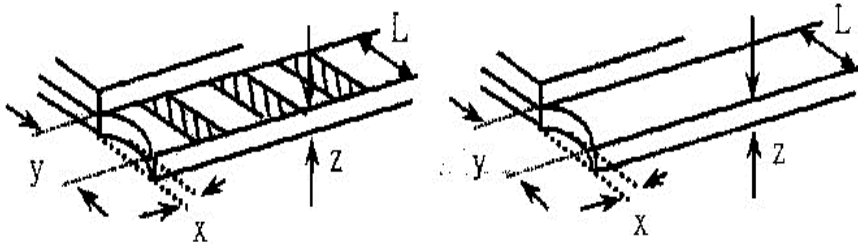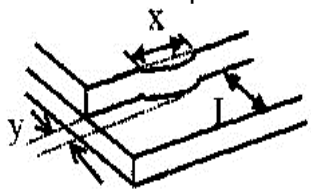
Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur.

To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

10.Inspection Specification

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect.			0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	2.1 White and black spots on display ≦0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.			2.5
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamination (non-display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing Φ=(x + y) / 2			2.5

SIZE	Acceptable Q TY
Φ≦0.10	Accept no dense
0.10＜Φ≦0.20	2
0.20＜Φ≦0.25	1
0.25＜Φ	0

3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)

Length	Width	Acceptable Q TY
---	W≦0.02	Accept no dense
L≦3.0	0.02＜W≦0.03	2
L≦2.5	0.03＜W≦0.05	
---	0.05＜W	As round type

2.5

04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.	2.5

Size Φ	Acceptable Q TY
Φ≦0.20	Accept no dense
0.20＜Φ≦0.50	3
0.50＜Φ≦1.00	2
1.00＜Φ	0
Total Q TY	3

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination			
06	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:			2.5

z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length
$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$
$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed $1/3k$	$x \leq 1/8a$

⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip.

6.1.2 Corner crack:

z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length
$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$
$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed $1/3k$	$x \leq 1/8a$

⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
06	Glass crack	Symbols : x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal : 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad : 6.2.2 Non-conductive portion: ⊙If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications. ⊙If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged. 6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack. 	2.5

Table within 6.2.1:

y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness
$y \leqq 0.5mm$	$x \leqq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leqq t$

Table within 6.2.2:

y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness
$y \leqq L$	$x \leqq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leqq t$

Table within 6.2.3:

y: width	x: length
$y \leqq 1/3L$	$x \leqq a$

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination. 9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12	General appearance	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.	0.65
		12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.	2.5 2.5
		12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.	2.5
		12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.	2.5
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5 0.65
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	0.65
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	0.65
		12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.	
		12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.	0.65
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	

| Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Pixel C Light Pixel

11.Precautions in Use of OLED Modules

Modules

(1)Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
(2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
(3)Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
(4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
(5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
(6)Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
(7)Storage: please store in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
(8)Use a "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime. Do not show fixed information for a long time in the application.
(9)Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time that will cause "screen burn" effect.
(10)The manufacturer has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors.   (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
(11)The manufacturer has the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy supply stability, management optimization, and the best product performance..., under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions. The manufacturer has the right to modify the version.)

11.1. Handling Precautions
(1) Since the display panel is made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
(2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale or ingest the organic substance.
(3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
(4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
(5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
   * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
   Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface or wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
   Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvents can damage the polarizer:
   * Water
   * Ketone
   * Aromatic Solvents
(6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the system housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.
   These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.
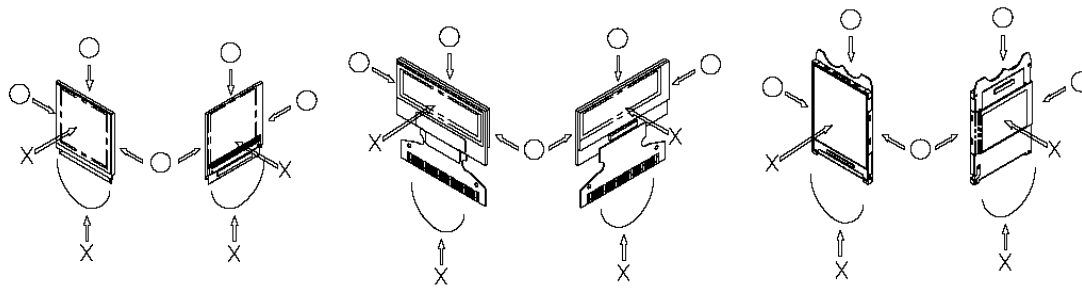
(7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.

(8) Do not disassemble or modify the OLED display module.

(9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.

(10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.

* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.

* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.

* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.

* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when removing the protective film.

(11) Protective film is applied to the surface of the display panel.   Remove the protective film before assembly.   If the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material from the protective film may remain on the surface of the display panel after the film is removed. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.

(12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module has moisture condensation or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may corrode.

11.2. Storage Precautions

(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light and fluorescent lamps.   Avoid high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.

(We recommend storing these modules in the packaged state as they were shipped.)

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags or let condensation occur with them.

(2) If electric current is applied when condensation is present or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may corrode.

11.3. Designing Precautions

(1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.

(2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.

(3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)

(4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.

(5) For EMI, take necessary measures in the application equipment.

(6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.

(7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.

* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.11.4.

Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

11.5. Other Precautions

(1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long time with a fixed pattern, the pattern may remain as an after image with slight contrast or brightness variation.

Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.

(2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.

* Pins and electrodes

* Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC

(3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is exposed. Generally, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when exposed to light, similar to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.

* Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.

* Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.

(4) Although this OLED display module stores the operational state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal states may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.

(5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.

(6)Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.

(7)The manufacturer has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.

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