

Sample &

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TPS22963C, TPS22964C

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TPS2296xC 5.5-V, 3-A, 13-mΩ On-Resistance Load Switch With Reverse Current Protection and Controlled Turn-On

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- Integrated N-Channel Load Switch
- Input Voltage Range: 1 V to 5.5 V
- Internal Pass-FET R_{DSON} = 8 mΩ (Typ)
- Ultra-Low ON-Resistance
 - $R_{ON} = 13 \text{ m}\Omega$ (Typ) at $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$
 - $R_{ON} = 14 \text{ m}\Omega$ (Typ) at $V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
 - R_{ON} = 18 mΩ (Typ) at V_{IN} = 1.8 V
- 3A Maximum Continuous Switch Current
- Reverse Current Protection (When Disabled)
- Low Shutdown Current (760 nA)
- Low Threshold 1.3-V GPIO Control Input
- Controlled Slew-Rate to Avoid Inrush Current
- Quick Output Discharge (TPS22964 only)
- Six Terminal Wafer-Chip-Scale Package (Nominal Dimensions Shown - See Addendum for Details)
 - 0.9 mm x 1.4 mm, 0.5 mm Pitch, 0.5 mm Height (YZP)
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 - 2-kV Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- Smartphones
- Notebook Computer and Ultrabook™
- Tablet PC Computer
- Solid State Drives (SSD)
- DTV/IP Set Top Box
- POS Terminals and Media Gateways

4 Simplified Schematic

3 Description

Tools &

Software

The TPS22963/64 is a small, ultra-low R_{ON} load switch with controlled turn on. The device contains a low R_{DSON} N-Channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 1 V to 5.5 V and switch currents of up to 3 A. An integrated charge pump biases the NMOS switch in order to achieve a low switch ON-Resistance. The switch is controlled by an on/off input (ON), which is capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage GPIO control signals. The rise time of the TPS22963/64 device is internally controlled in order to avoid inrush current.

Support &

Community

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The TPS22963/64 provides reverse current protection. When the power switch is disabled, the device will not allow the flow of current towards the input side of the switch. The reverse current protection feature is active only when the device is disabled so as to allow for intentional reverse current (when the switch is enabled) for some applications.

The TPS22963/64 is available in a small, spacesaving 6-pin WCSP package and is characterized for operation over the free air temperature range of -40° C to 85°C.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS2296xC	DSBGA (6)	1.40 mm x 0.90 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

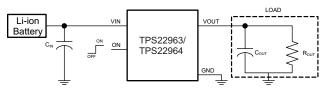


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5 Revision History

Changes from Original (June 2013) to Revision A

Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendation and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orde

ble Information section	. 1



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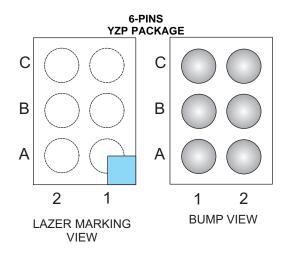
6 Device Comparison Table

	R _{on} (Typ) at 3.3 V	Rise Time (Typ) at 3.3 V ⁽¹⁾	Quick Output Discharge (QOD) ⁽²⁾	Maximum Output Current	Enable
TPS22963C	14 mΩ	715 µs	No	3 A	Active High
TPS22964C	14 mΩ	715 µs	Yes	3 A	Active High

(1) Additional rise time options are possible. Contact factory for more information.

(2) This feature discharges the output of the switch to ground through a 273 Ω resistor, preventing the output from floating (only in TPS22964C).

7 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Assignments (YZP Package)

С	GND	ON
В	VOUT	VIN
A	VOUT	VIN
	1	2

Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
TPS22963/64	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
C1	GND	-	Ground	
C2	ON	I	Switch control input, active high. Do not leave floating	
A1, B1	VOUT	0	witch output	
A2, B2	VIN	I	Switch input. Use a bypass capacitor to ground (ceramic)	

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8 Specifications

8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range	-0.3	6	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range	-0.3	6	V
V _{ON}	ON pin voltage range	-0.3	6	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum continuous switch current		3	А
I _{PLS}	Maximum pulsed switch current, 100 μ s pulse, 2% duty cycle, T _A = -40°C to 85°C		4	А
T _A	Operating free air temperature range	-40	85	°C
TJ	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

8.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 $^{\left(2\right)}$	±500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.

8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range		1	5.5	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range		0	5.5	V
	V _{IN} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V	1.3	5.5	V	
V _{IH, ON}	High-level ON voltage	V _{IN} = 1 V to 2.49 V	1.1	5.5	v
V		V _{IN} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V	0	0.6	V
VIL, ON Low-level ON voltage	V _{IN} = 1 V to 2.49 V	0	0.4	v	
C _{IN}	Input capacitor			1 ⁽¹⁾	μF

(1) Refer to the application section

8.4 Thermal Information

		TPS2296xC	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	YZP	UNIT
		6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	132.0	
R _{0JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	1.4	
$R_{ heta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	22.8	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	5.7	
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	22.6	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.



8.5 Electrical Characteristics

 V_{IN} = 1 V to 5.5 V, T_{A} = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
		$I_{OUT} = 0, V_{ON} = V_{IN} = 5 V$	Full	66.5	96	
		$I_{OUT}=0, V_{ON}=V_{IN}=4.5 \text{ V}$	Full	57	82	
		$I_{OUT} = 0, V_{ON} = V_{IN} = 3.3 V$	Full	38	60	
	Quiescent current	$I_{OUT} = 0, V_{ON} = V_{IN} = 2.5 V$	Full	33.3	55	
Q, VIN		$I_{OUT} = 0, V_{ON} = V_{IN} = 1.8 V$	Full	28.3	45	μA
		$I_{OUT} = 0, V_{ON} = V_{IN} = 1.2 V$	Full	22.8	36	
		I _{OUT} = 0, V _{ON} = V _{IN} = 1.1 V	Full	21.6	34	
		I _{OUT} = 0, V _{ON} = V _{IN} = 1 V	Full	20.3	33	
		V _{ON} = 0, V _{IN} = 5 V, V _{OUT} = 0 V	Full	0.76	2	
SD, VIN	Shut down current	V _{ON} = 0, V _{IN} = 1 V, V _{OUT} = 0 V	Full	0.07	0.8	μA
			25°C	13.3	21	_
		$V_{IN} = 5 V$, $I_{OUT} = -200 mA$	Full		26	mΩ
			25°C	13.3	21	
	On-resistance	$V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA}$	Full		26	mΩ
			25°C	13.8	22	mΩ
		$V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA}$	Full		27	
R _{ON}		V _{IN} = 2.5 V, I _{OUT} = -200 mA	25°C	15.4	24	mΩ
			Full		29	
		V _{IN} = 1.8 V, I _{OUT} = -200 mA	25°C	18.2	28	mΩ
			Full		33	
		V _{IN} = 1.2 V, I _{OUT} = -200 mA	25°C	25.6	37	
			Full		44	mΩ
			25°C	28.7	41	mΩ
		V _{IN} = 1.1 V, I _{OUT} = -200 mA	Full		50	
			25°C	33.8	48	mΩ
		$V_{IN} = 1 V, I_{OUT} = -200 mA$	Full		60	
		V _{IN} = 5 V	Full	115		
		$V_{IN} = 4.5 V$	Full	105		
		$V_{\rm IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	Full	80		
		$V_{\rm IN} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	Full	65		
V _{HYS, ON}	ON pin hysteresis	$V_{\rm IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	Full	50		mV
		$V_{IN} = 1.2 V$	Full	35		
		$V_{IN} = 1.2 V$ $V_{IN} = 1.1 V$	Full	30		
		$V_{IN} = 1 V$	Full	30		
ON	ON pin leakage current	$V_{\rm IN} = 1.0$ V to 5.5 V	Full	50	150	nA
UN		VON - 1.1 V 10 0.0 V	25°C	-0.02	150	1173
RC, VIN	Reverse current when disabled	$V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 0 V$, $V_{OUT} = 5 V$	25°C	-0.02		μA
R _{PD} ⁽¹⁾	Output pulldown resistance	V _{ON} = 0 V, I _{OUT} = 2 mA	Full	273	325	Ω
NPD` ′		$v_{ON} = 0 v, i_{OUT} = 2 IIIA$	Full	273	323	12

(1) Available in TPS22964 only.

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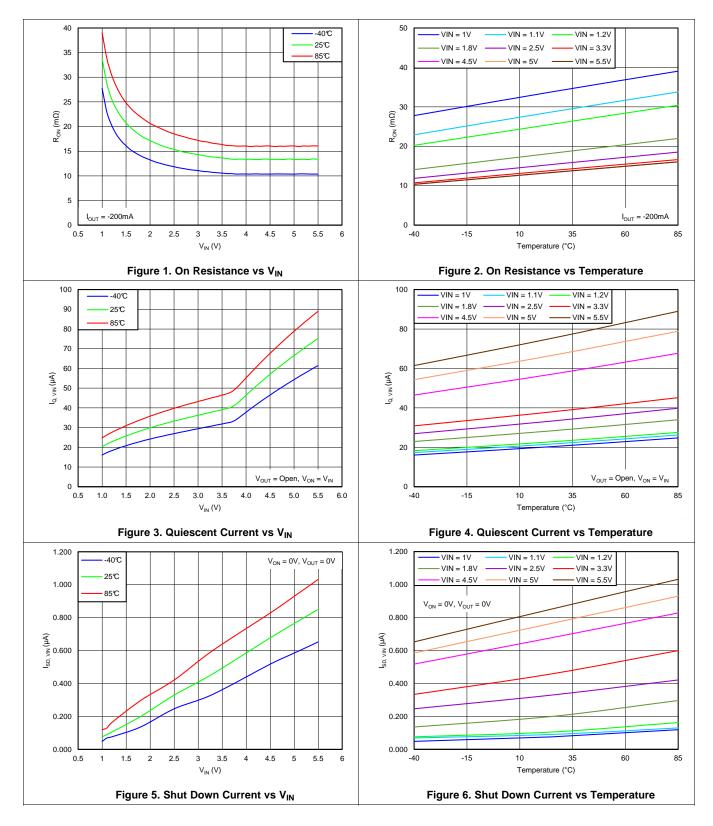
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8.6 Switching Characteristics

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	TPS22963/64	UNIT
		TEST CONDITION	ТҮР	UNIT
V _{IN} =	5.0 V, T _A = 25°C (unless oth	erwise noted)		
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	$R_{OUT} = 10\Omega, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$	928	
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	$R_{OUT} = 10\Omega, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$	2.5	
t _R	VOUT rise time	$R_{OUT} = 10\Omega, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$	890	μs
t _F	VOUT fall time	$R_{OUT} = 10\Omega, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$	2.1	
t _D	Delay time	$R_{OUT} = 10\Omega, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 0.1\mu F$	561	
V _{IN} =	4.5 V, T _A = 25°C (unless oth	erwise noted)		
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	905	
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	2.6	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	859	μs
t _F	VOUT fall time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	2.1	
t _D	Delay time	$R_{OUT} = 10 \ \Omega, \ C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F, \ C_{OUT} = 0.1 \ \mu F$	560	
V _{IN} =	3.3 V, T _A = 25°C (unless oth	erwise noted)		
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	836	
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	2.8	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	715	μs
t _F	VOUT fall time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	2	
t _D	Delay time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	553	
V _{IN} =	1.8 V, T _A = 25°C (unless oth	erwise noted)		
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	822	
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	2.8	
t _R	VOUT rise time	$R_{OUT} = 10 \ \Omega, \ C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F, \ C_{OUT} = 0.1 \ \mu F$	651	μs
t _F	VOUT fall time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω, C_{IN} = 1 μF, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	
t _D	Delay time	$R_{OUT} = 10 \ \Omega, \ C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F, \ C_{OUT} = 0.1 \ \mu F$	558	
V _{IN} =	1.2 V, T _A = 25°C (unless oth	erwise noted)		
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	852	
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	$R_{OUT} = 10 \ \Omega, \ C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F, \ C_{OUT} = 0.1 \ \mu F$	3.2	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω, C_{IN} = 1 μF, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μF	535	μs
t _F	VOUT fall time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	1.8	
t _D	Delay time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	594	
V _{IN} =	1.1 V, T _A = 25°C (unless oth	erwise noted)		
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	861	
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	3.5	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	518	μs
t _F	VOUT fall time	R_{OUT} = 10 Ω , C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 0.1 μ F	1.9	
t _D	Delay time	R _{OUT} = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	604	



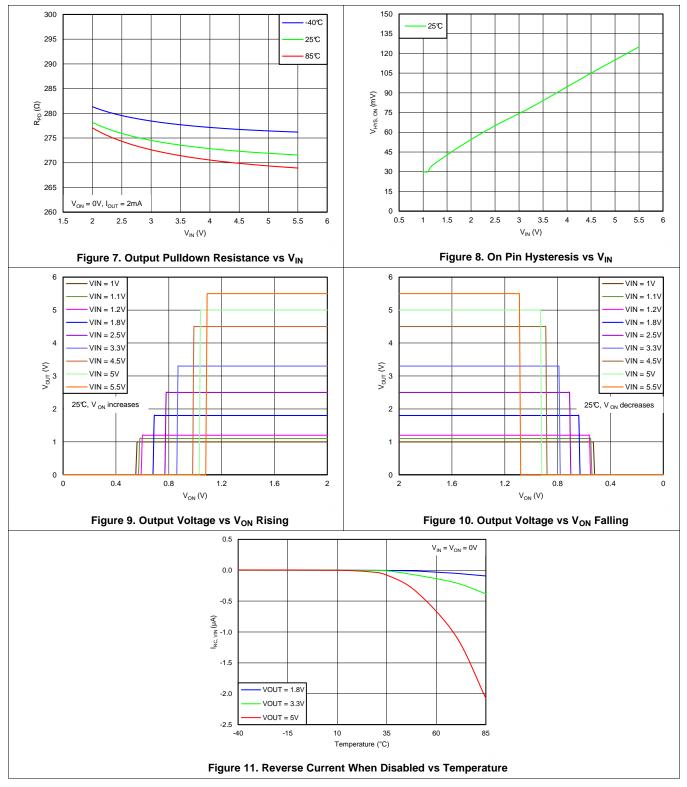
8.7 Typical Electrical Characteristics



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

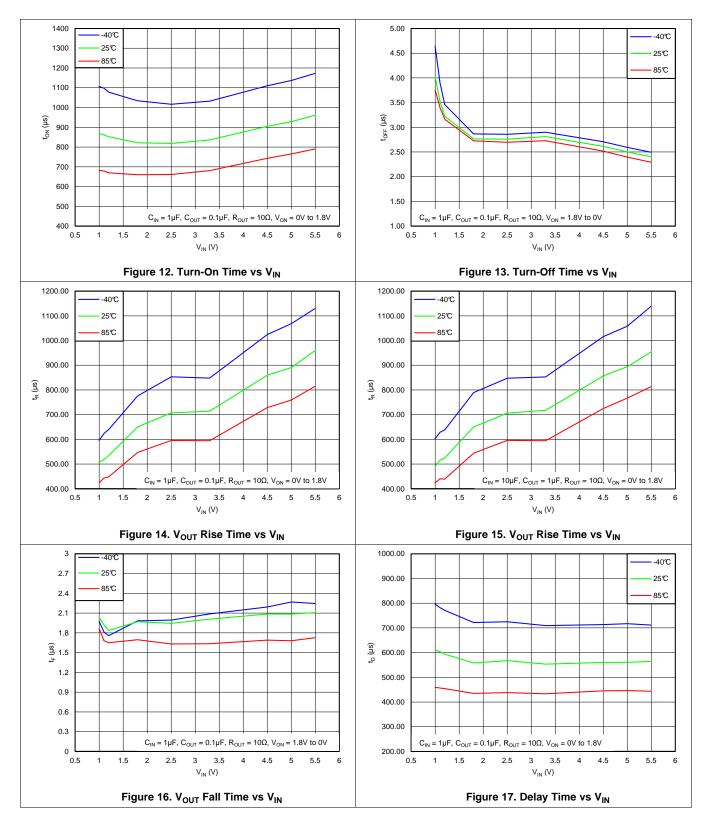
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Typical Electrical Characteristics (continued)

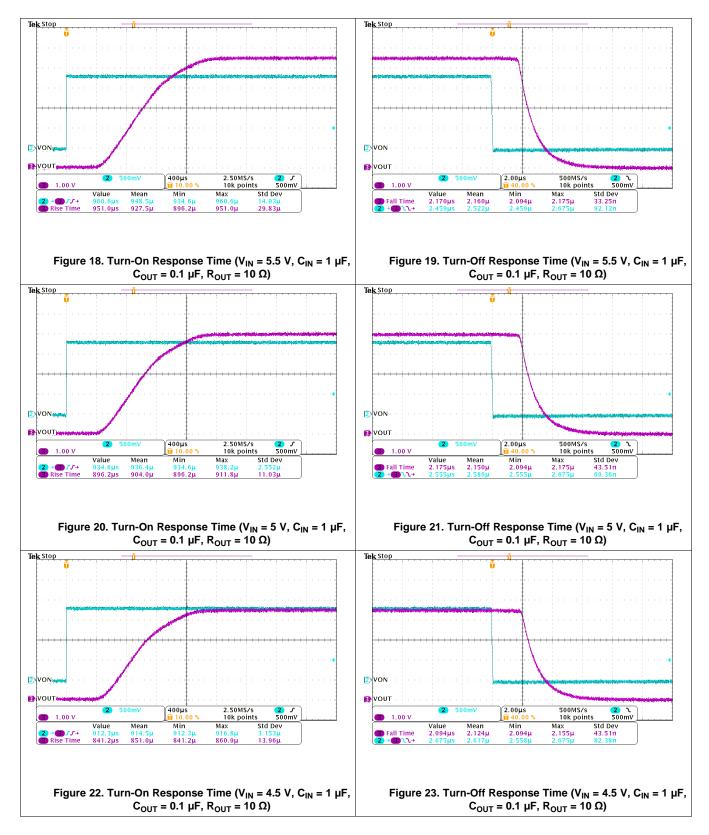




8.8 Typical Switching Characteristics



8.9 Typical AC Scope Captures at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

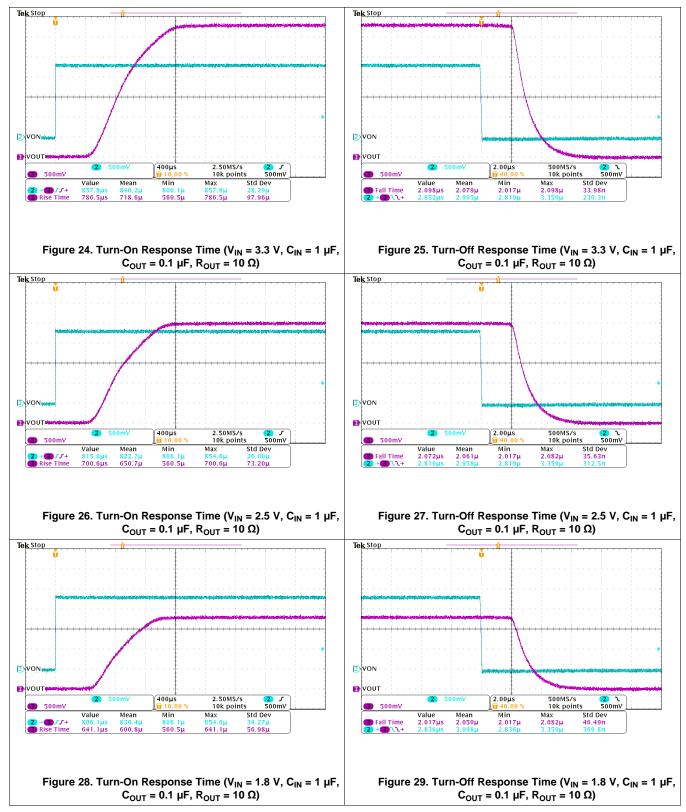




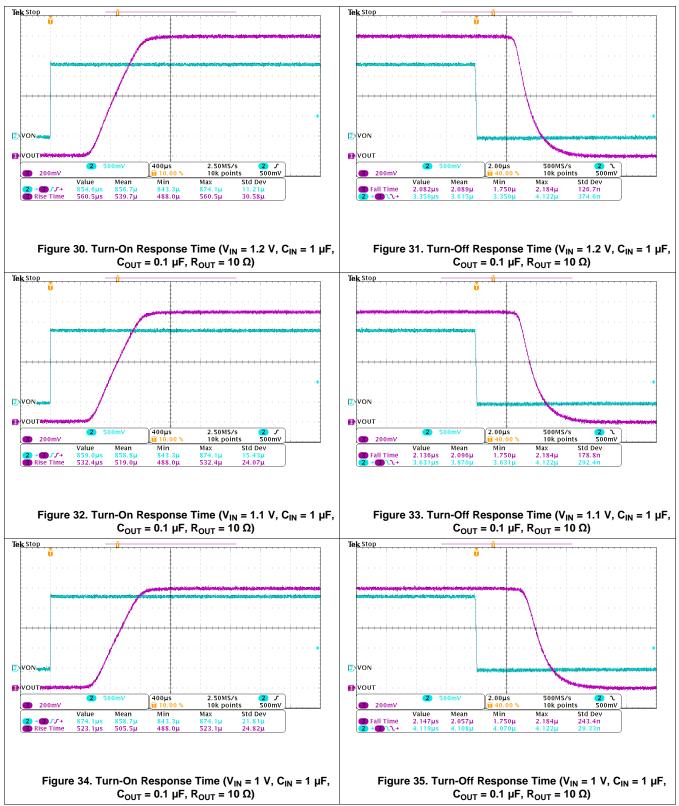
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Typical AC Scope Captures at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (continued)

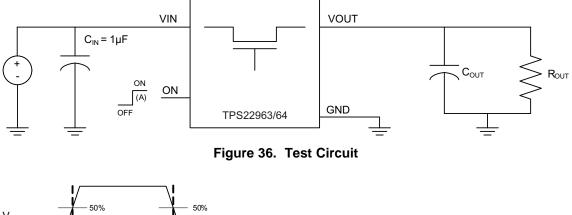








9 Parametric Measurement Information





A. Rise and fall times of the control signal are 100 ns.

Figure 37. Timing Waveforms

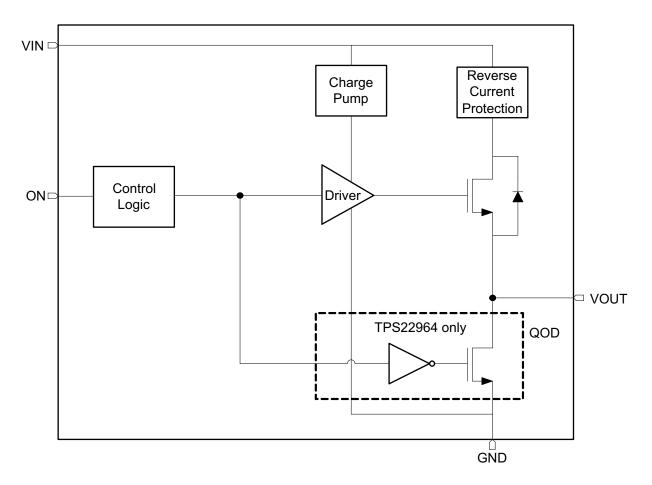


10 Detailed Description

10.1 Overview

The TPS22963/64 is a single channel, 3-A load switch in a small, space saving CSP-6 package. These devices implement an N-channel MOSFET to provide an ultra-low On-resistance for a low voltage drop across the device. A controlled rise time is used in applications to limit the inrush current.

10.2 Functional Block Diagram





10.3 Feature Description

10.3.1 On/Off Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. It is an active "High" pin and has a low threshold making it capable of interfacing with low voltage GPIO control signals. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V or 5.5 V GPIOs. Applying V_{IH} on the ON pin will put the switch in the ON-state and V_{IL} will put the switch in the OFF-state.

10.3.2 Quick Output Discharge

The TPS22964 includes the Quick Output Discharge (QOD) feature. When the switch is disabled, a discharge resistance with a typical value of 273Ω is connected between the output and ground. This resistance pulls down the output and prevents it from floating when the device is disabled.

10.4 Device Functional Modes

ON	VIN to VOUT	OUTPUT DISCHARGE ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
L	OFF	ACTIVE
Н	ON	DISABLED

Table 1. Function Table

(1) This feature discharges the output of the switch to ground through a 273 Ω resistor, preventing the output from floating.

(2) This feature is in the TPS22964 device only (not in the TPS22963).

11 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

11.1 Application Information

11.1.1 Input Capacitor

It is recommended to place a capacitor (C_{IN}) between VIN and GND pins of TPS22963/64. This capacitor helps to limit the voltage drop on the input voltage supply when the switch turns ON into a discharged load capacitor. A 1-µF ceramic capacitor that is placed close to the IC pins is usually sufficient. Higher values of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop in high current applications.

11.1.2 Output Capacitor

It is recommended to place a capacitor (C_{OUT}) between VOUT and GND pins of TPS22963/64. This capacitor acts as a low pass filter along with the switch ON-resistance to remove any voltage glitches coming from the input voltage source. It is generally recommended to have C_{IN} greater than C_{OUT} so that once the switch is turned ON, C_{OUT} can charge up to V_{IN} without V_{IN} dropping significantly. A 0.1-µF ceramic capacitor that is placed close to the IC pins is usually sufficient.

ISTRUMENTS

FXAS

Application Information (continued)

11.1.3 Standby Power Reduction

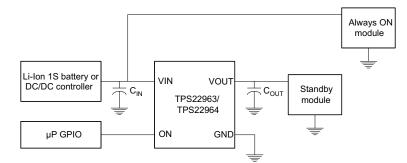


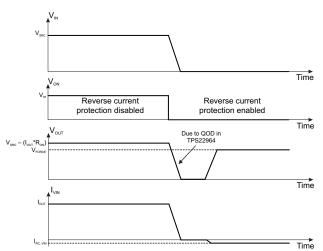
Figure 38. Standby Power Reduction

Any end equipment that is being powered from the battery has a need to reduce current consumption in order to keep the battery charged for a longer time. TPS22963/64 helps to accomplish this by turning off the supply to the modules that are in standby state and hence significantly reduces the leakage current overhead of the standby modules.

11.1.4 Reverse Current Protection

The reverse current protection feature prevents the current to flow from VOUT to VIN when TPS22963/64 is disabled. This feature is particularly useful when the output of TPS22963/64 needs to be driven by another voltage source after TPS22963/64 is disabled (for example in a power multiplexer application). In order for this feature to work, TPS22963/64 has to be disabled and either of the following conditions shall be met: $V_{IN} > 1$ V or $V_{OUT} > 1$ V.

Figure 39 demonstrates the ideal behavior of reverse current protection circuit in TPS22963/64. After the device is disabled via the ON pin and VOUT is forced to an external voltage V_{FORCE} , a very small amount of current given by $I_{RC,VIN}$ will flow from VOUT to VIN. This will prevent any extra current loading on the voltage source supplying the V_{FORCE} voltage.



 I_{VIN} = Current through VIN pin.

 V_{SRC} = Input voltage applied to the device.

V_{FORCE} = External voltage source forced at VOUT pin of the device.

I_{OUT} = Output load current.

Figure 39. Reverse Current Protection



Application Information (continued)

11.1.5 Power Supply Sequencing Without a GPIO Input

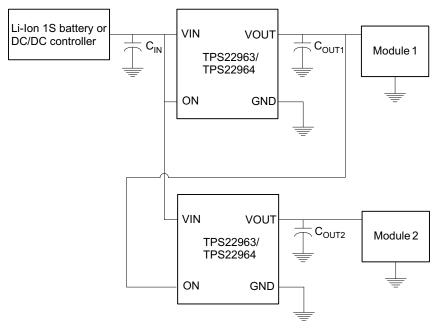


Figure 40. Power Supply Sequencing Without a GPIO Input

In many end equipments, there is a need to power up various modules in a pre-determined manner. TPS22963/64 can solve the problem of power sequencing without adding any complexity to the overall system. Figure 40 shows the configuration required for powering up two modules in a fixed sequence. The output of the first load switch is tied to the enable of the second load switch, so when Module 1 is powered the second load switch is enabled and Module 2 is powered.

11.2 Typical Application

TPS22963/64 is an ultra-low ON-resistance, 3-A integrated load switch that is capable of interfacing directly with 1S battery in portable consumer devices such as smartphones, tablets etc. Its wide input voltage range (1 V to 5.5 V) makes it suitable to be used for lower voltage rails as well inside different end equipments to accomplish power sequencing, inrush current control and reducing leakage current in sub-systems that are in standby mode. Figure 41 shows the typical application circuit of TPS22963/64.

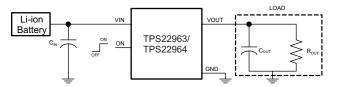


Figure 41. Typical Application Circuit

11.2.1 Design Requirements

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
V _{IN}	3.3 V
CL	4.7 μF
Maximum Acceptable Inrush Current	30 mA

11.2.2.1 Managing Inrush Current

When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0 V to the set value (3.3 V in this example). This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Inrush current can be calculated using the following equation:

$$I_{\text{INRUSH}} = C_{\text{L}} \times \frac{dV_{\text{OUT}}}{dt}$$

where

- C = output capacitance
- dV = output voltage

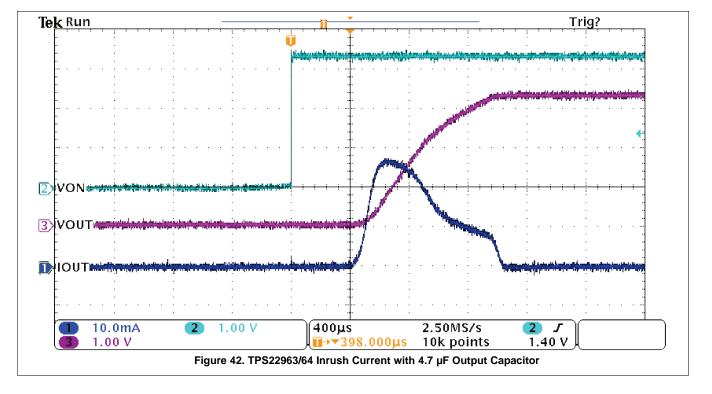
• dt = rise time

The TPS22963/64 offers a controlled rise time for minimizing inrush current. This device can be selected based upon the minimum acceptable rise time which can be calculated using the design requirements and the inrush current equation. An output capacitance of 4.7 μ F will be used since the amound of inrush current increases with output capacitance:

30 mA = 4.7 µF x 3.3 V / dt dt = 517 µs

To ensure an inrush current of less than 30 mA, a device with a rise time greater than 517 μ s must be used. The TPS22963/64 has a typical rise time of 715 μ s at 3.3 V which meets the above design requirements.

11.2.3 Application Curves



(1)

(2)

(3)



12 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 1 V to 5.5 V. This supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible with the recommended 1 μ F bypass capacitor. If the supply is located more than a few inches from the device terminals, additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. If additional bulk capacitance is required, an electrolytic, tantalum, or ceramic capacitor of 10 μ F may be sufficient

13 Layout

13.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT and GND will help minimize the parasitic electrical effects.

For higher reliability, the maximum IC junction temperature, $T_{J(max)}$, should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. Junction temperature is directly proportional to power dissipation in the device and the two are related by Equation 4.

$$\mathbf{T}_{J} = \mathbf{T}_{A} + \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{JA} \times \mathbf{P}_{D}$$

where

- T_J = Junction temperature of the device
- T_A = Ambient temperature
- P_D = Power dissipation inside the device
- Θ_{JA} = Junction to ambient thermal resistance. See Thermal Information section of the datasheet. This parameter is highly dependent on board layout.

(4)

13.2 Layout Example

) VIA to Power Ground Plane

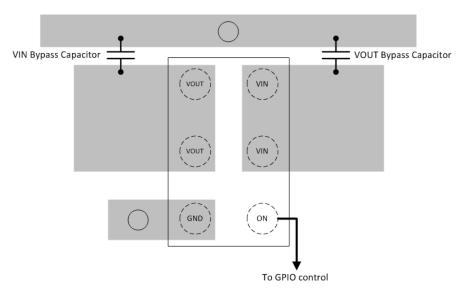


Figure 43. Layout Example

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14 Device and Documentation Support

14.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS22963C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22964C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

Table 2. Related Links

14.2 Trademarks

Ultrabook is a trademark of Intel Corporation in the U.S. and/or other countries. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

14.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



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Submit Documentation Feedback

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

14.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

15 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





13-Oct-2014

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS22963CYZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BD	Samples
TPS22963CYZPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BD	Samples
TPS22964CYZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DK	Samples
TPS22964CYZPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DK	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22963CYZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.04	1.54	0.56	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22963CYZPT	DSBGA	YZP	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.04	1.54	0.56	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22964CYZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.04	1.54	0.56	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22964CYZPT	DSBGA	YZP	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.04	1.54	0.56	4.0	8.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

17-Jun-2015

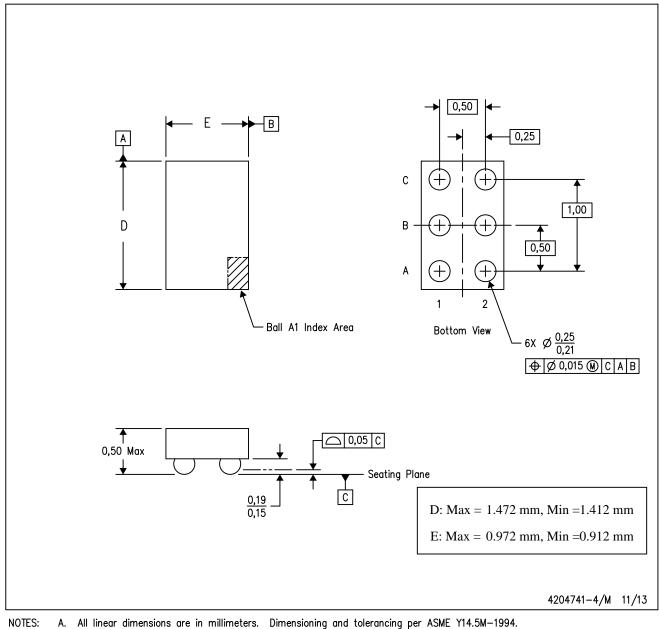


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22963CYZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22963CYZPT	DSBGA	YZP	6	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22964CYZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22964CYZPT	DSBGA	YZP	6	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

YZP (R-XBGA-N6)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



- Α.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



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