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| Telegesis™ |  SILICON LABS | TG-PM-0520-ETRX3585-LRS r2 |
| ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS | | Product Manual |

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ETRX3585-LRS ZIGBEE® MODULES



PRODUCT MANUAL

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The Telegesis ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS modules are low power 2.4GHz ZigBee modules with an added frontend module (SiGe SE2432L) containing both PA and LNA for highest possible link budget.

Based on the latest Ember EM3585 family of single chip ZigBee solutions the new long range modules are footprint compatible with the entire Telegesis ETRX3 family, thus representing a drop-in replacement for all applications where a high link budget is required.

For custom application development the ETRX3585 series integrates with ease into Ember's InSight development environment.

Module Features

- Small form factor, SMT module 25mm x 19mm
- Same footprint and pin-out as ETRX357-LRS
- Side Castellations for easy soldering and inspection
- Two antenna options: Integrated chip antenna or U.FL coaxial connector
- Based on 32-bit ARM® Cortex-M3
- Industry standard JTAG Programming and real time network level debugging via the Ember Debug Port
- Up to 512kB of flash and 64kbytes of RAM
- Lowest Deep Sleep Current of sub 1µA with retained RAM and GPIO and multiple sleep modes
- Ultra Wide supply voltage range (2.1 to 3.6V)
- Optional 32.768kHz watch crystal can be added externally
- Can act as an End Device, Router or Coordinator
- 22 general-purpose I/O lines including analogue inputs
- Firmware upgrades via serial port or over the air (password protected)
- Hardware supported encryption (AES-128)
- CE and FCC and IC compliance, IC and FCC modular approval
- Operating temperature range: -40°C to +85°C
- Standard version without LNA and PA available in the same form factor

Radio Features

- Based on the Silicon Labs EM3585 family of single chip ZigBee® SoCs
- 2.4GHz ISM Band
- 250kbit/s over the air data rate – NB: actual usable data throughput with ZigBee is about 20kpbs
- 15 channels (IEEE802.15.4 Channel 11 to 25)
- SiGe SE2432L integrated PA and LNA
- +20dBm output power (adjustable down to -41dBm)
- High sensitivity of -106dBm typ. @ 1% packet error rate
- RX Current: 33mA, TX Current: approx 140mA at 20dBm

Suggested Applications

- ZigBee Smart Energy applications
- Wireless Alarms and Security
- Home/Building Automation
- Wireless Sensor Networks
- M2M Industrial Controls
- Lighting and ventilation control
- Remote monitoring
- Environmental monitoring and control

Development Kit

- Enhancement kit available to upgrade existing Telegesis and Ember development kits to be used with the new ETRX3585 family
- Custom software development available upon request.

1 Introduction

This document describes the Telegesis ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS ZigBee long range modules which have been designed to be easily integrated into another device and to provide a fast, simple and low cost wireless mesh networking interface.

The Telegesis ETRX3 series modules are based on the Silicon Labs ZigBee compliant platform consisting of the single chip family of EM3585 SoCs combined with the ZigBee PRO compliant EmberZNet meshing stack.

The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS modules represent an ideal platform for custom firmware development in conjunction with the Silicon Labs ZigBee development kits.

No RF experience or expertise is required to add this powerful wireless networking capability to your products. The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS offer fast integration opportunities and the shortest possible time to market for your product.

1.1 Hardware Description

The main building blocks of the ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS are the single chip EM3585 SoC from Silicon Labs, a SiGe SE2432L frontend module combining a Power Amplifier with a Low Noise Amplifier, a 24MHz reference crystal and RF front-end circuitry optimized for best RF performance. The modules are available with on-board antenna or alternatively a U.FL connector for attaching external antennae. Modules with the U.FL connector are identified by the “HR” suffix.

The integrated antenna is an Antenova Rufa, and details of the radiation pattern and further data are available from the Antenova website [5].

| Module | Chip | Flash | RAM | Antenna | USB |
|----------------|--------|-------|------|----------|-----|
| ETRX3585-LRS | EM3585 | 512kB | 32kB | Chip | No |
| ETRX3585HR-LRS | EM3585 | 512kB | 32kB | External | No |

Table 1: Memories

The LNA and RF power amplifier of the LRS devices improve the output power by 12dB and the sensitivity by 5dB which will increase the range by approximately 700% relative to the standard devices (where local regulations permit the use of the maximum output power).

The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS are used for ZigBee (www.zigbee.org) applications. In case it is desired to develop custom firmware, the Silicon Labs toolchain, consisting of Ember Desktop together with a comprehensive integrated development environment (IDE), is required.

2 Product Approvals

The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS have been designed to meet all national regulations for world-wide use. In particular the following certifications have been obtained:

2.1 FCC Approvals

The Telegesis ETRX3585-LRS family integrated Antenna as well as the ETRX3585HR-LRS family including the antennas listed in and the power levels listed in section 10.2 have been tested to comply with FCC CFR Part 15 (USA) The devices meet the requirements for modular transmitter approval as detailed in the FCC public notice DA00.1407.transmitter.

FCC statement:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



FCC ID: S4GEM358L

This module complies with the USA SAR requirements and is not intended to be operated within 20cm of the body. The following statement must be included as a CAUTION statement in manuals for OEM products to alert users on FCC RF exposure compliance.

“WARNING: To satisfy FCC RF exposure requirements for mobile transmitting devices, a separation distance of 20cm or more should be maintained between the antenna of this device and persons during operation. To ensure compliance, operations at closer distances than this are not recommended.”

| Item | Part No. | Manufacturer | Type | Impedance | Gain |
|------|-------------------------|--------------|--------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 | BT-Stubby (straight) | EAD Ltd. [6] | ¼ Wave | 50Ω | 0dBi |
| 2 | BT-Stubby (right-angle) | EAD Ltd. [6] | ¼ Wave | 50Ω | 0dBi |
| 3 | CJ-2400-6603 | Chang Jia | ½ Wave | 50 Ω | 2.0dBi |
| 4 | Rufa (on board) | Antenova | Chip | 50Ω | 2.1dBi (peak) |

Table 2. Approved Antennae

An end user deploying an ETRX3585-LRS or an ETRX3585HR-LRS module together with an antenna as listed in Table 2 is not required to obtain a new authorization for the module – BUT this does not preclude the possibility that some other form of authorization or testing may be required for the end product depending upon local territorial regulations.

The FCC requires the user to be notified that any changes or modifications made to this device that are not expressly approved by Telegesis (UK) Ltd. may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. When using the ETRX3585-LRS with approved antennae, it is required to prevent end-users from replacing them with non-approved ones.

2.1.1 FCC Labelling Requirements

When integrating the ETRX3585-LRS or ETRX3585HR-LRS families into a product it must be ensured that the FCC labelling requirements are met. This includes a clearly visible label on the outside of the finished product specifying the Telegesis FCC identifier (**FCC ID: S4GEM358L**) as well as the notice above. This exterior label can use wording such as “**Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: S4GEM358L**” or “**Contains FCC ID: S4GEM358L**” although any similar wording that expresses the same meaning may be used.

2.2 IC (Industry Canada) Approvals

The Telegesis ETRX3585-LRS family with integrated Antenna as well as the ETRX3585HR-LRS family have been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed in Table 2 with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

IC-ID: 8735A-EM358L

- This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.
- Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.
- To comply with Industry Canada RF radiation exposure limits for general population, the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed such that a minimum separation distance of 20cm is maintained between the radiator (antenna) and all persons at all times
- This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed in Table 2, and having a maximum gain of 2.1 dBi. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 2.1 dBi are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

French Statements

- Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.
- Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout

brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

OEM Responsibilities

The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS families of module have been certified for integration into products only by OEM integrators under the following conditions:

1. The antenna(s) must be installed such that a minimum separation distance of 0.75cm is maintained between the radiator (antenna) and all persons at all times.
2. The transmitter module must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

As long as the two conditions above are met, further transmitter testing will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements, etc.).

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for certain configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then Industry Canada certification is no longer considered valid and the IC Certification Number cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate Industry Canada authorization.

2.2.1 IC Labelling Requirements

The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS family modules are labelled with its own IC Certification Number. If the IC Certification Number is not visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed must also display a label referring to the enclosed module. In that case, the final end product must be labelled in a visible area with the following:

“Contains Transmitter Module IC: 8735A-EM358L”

or

“Contains IC: 8735A-EM358L”

The OEM of the ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS family modules must only use the approved antenna(s) listed above, which have been certified with this module.

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module or change RF related parameters in the user's manual of the end product.

2.3 European Certification

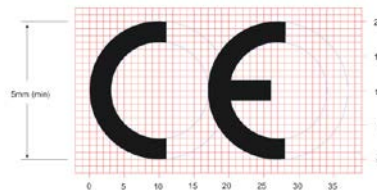
The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS families are with the maximum power settings defined in section 10.2 of this document compliant to the following standards:

- Radio: EN 300 328:V1.9.1
- Safety: EN 60950-1:2006 / A12:2011

All tests have been conducted with the antennae listed in Table 2.

If the ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585HR-LRS families of modules are incorporated into an OEM product, the OEM product manufacturer must ensure compliance of the final product to the European Harmonised EMC, and low voltage/safety standards. A Declaration of Conformity must be issued for each of these standards and kept on file as described in the R&TTE Directive. The final product must not exceed the specified power ratings, antenna specifications and installation requirements as specified in this user manual. If any of these specifications are exceeded in the final product then a submission must be made to a notified body for compliance testing to all of the required standards.

The 'CE' marking must be applied to a visible location on any OEM product. For more information please refer to <http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/faq/ce-mark.htm>. Customers assume full responsibility for learning and meeting the required guidelines for each country in their distribution market.



2.4 Declarations of Conformity

Telegesis (UK) Ltd has issued Declarations of Conformity for all ETRX3 series ZigBee RF Modules, which cover Radio Emissions and Safety. These documents will be available from our website or on request

2.5 IEEE 802.15.4

IEEE 802.15.4 is a standard for low data rate, wireless networks (raw bit-rate within a radio packet of 250kbps @2.4GHz) which focuses on low cost, low duty cycle, long primary battery life applications as well as mains-powered applications. It is the basis for the open ZigBee Protocol.

2.6 The ZigBee Protocol

The ZigBee Protocol is a set of standards for wireless connectivity for use between any devices over short to medium distances. The specification was originally ratified in December 2004, paving the way for companies to start making low-power networks a reality.

ZigBee uses an IEEE 802.15.4 radio specification running on the 2.4GHz band, plus three additional layers for networking, security and applications. What makes the specification unique is its use of a mesh network architecture which, in bucket chain style, passes data from one node to the next until it lands at its destination. The network is self-healing and adapts its routing as link quality changes or nodes move. Furthermore, nodes can be defined as End Devices which do not act as routers, but can therefore be put into a low-power sleep state.

The enhanced version of the ZigBee standard (or ZigBee 2006) was released in December 2006, adding new features and improvements to the only global wireless communication standard enabling the development of easily deployable low-cost, low-power, monitoring and control products for homes, commercial buildings and industrial plant monitoring. In 2007 the ZigBee Alliance introduced the PRO feature-set which offers advantages over earlier feature-sets, including

- Truly self-healing mesh networking
- Messages can now travel up to 30 hops
- Source-Routing for improved point to multipoint message transmission
- Improved security including Trust-Centre link keys
- New message types and options

3 Module Pinout

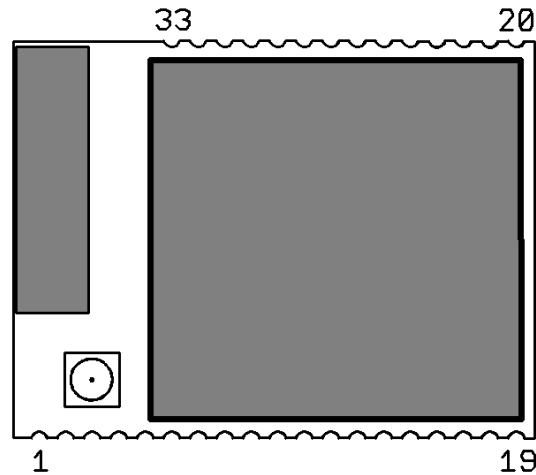


Figure 1. ETRX3 series Module Pinout (top view)

The table below gives details about the pin assignment for direct SMD soldering of the ETRX3 series modules to the application board. For more information on the alternate functions please refer to [2].

All GND pads are connected within the module, but for best RF performance all of them should be grounded externally.

| ETRX3585 pad | Name | Default Use | Alternate function | EM35x pin | Alternate functions |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|---|
| 1 | GND | GND | | GND | |
| 2 | PC5 {1} | I/O | TX_ACTIVE | 11 | TX_ACTIVE. PC5 of the EM3585 is used to control the FEM |
| 3 | PC6 | I/O | | 13 | OSC32B, nTX_ACTIVE |
| 4 | PC7 | I/O | | 14 | OSC32A, OSC32_EXT |
| 5 | PA7 {4} | I/O | | 18 | TIM1C4 |
| 6 | PB3 {2} | I/O | CTS | 19 | SC1nCTS, SC1SCLK, TIM2C3 |
| 7 | nReset {5} | nReset | | 12 | |
| 8 | PB4 {2} | I/O | RTS | 20 | TIM2C4, SC1nRTS, SC1nSSEL |
| 9 | PA0 | I/O | | 21 | TIM2C1, SC2MOSI |
| 10 | PA1 | I/O | | 22 | TIM2C3, SC2SDA, SC2MISO |
| 11 | PA2 | I/O | | 24 | TIM2C4, SC2SCL, SC2SCLK |
| 12 | PA3 | I/O | | 25 | SC2nSSEL, TIM2C2 |
| 13 | GND | GND | | GND | |
| 14 | PA4 | I/O | | 26 | ADC4, PTI_EN, TRACEDATA2 |
| 15 | PA5 {3} | I/O | | 27 | ADC5, PTI_DATA, nBOOTMODE, TRACEDATA3 |
| 16 | PA6 {4} | I/O | | 29 | TIM1C3 |
| 17 | PB1 | TXD | | 30 | SC1MISO, SC1MOSI, SC1SDA, SC1TXD, TIM2C1 |
| 18 | PB2 | RXD | | 31 | SC1MISO, SC1MOSI, SC1SCL, SC1RXD, TIM2C2 |
| 19 | GND | GND | | GND | |

| ETRX3585 pad | Name | Default Use | Alternate function | EM35x pin | Alternate functions |
|--------------|---------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| 20 | GND | GND | | GND | |
| 21 | JTCK | JTCK | | 32 | SWCLK |
| 22 | PC2 | I/O | | 33 | JTDO, SWO, TRACEDATA0 |
| 23 | PC3 | I/O | | 34 | JTDI, TRACECLK |
| 24 | PC4 | I/O | | 35 | JTMS, SWDIO |
| 25 | N/C{1} | N/C | | 36 | PB0 of the EM3585 is used to control the FEM |
| 26 | PC1 | I/O | ADC3 | 38 | ADC3, TRACEDATA3 |
| 27 | PC0 {4} | I/O | | 40 | JRST, IRQD, TRACEDATA1 |
| 28 | PB7 {4} | I/O | ADC2 | 41 | ADC2, IRQC, TIM1C2 |
| 29 | PB6 {4} | I/O | ADC1 | 42 | ADC1, IRQB, TIM1C1 |
| 30 | PB5 | I/O | ADC0 | 43 | ADC0, TIM2CLK, TIM1MSK |
| 31 | GND | GND | | GND | |
| 32 | Vcc | Vcc | | Vcc | |
| 33 | GND | GND | | GND | |

Table 3. Pin Information
Notes:

- {1} When the alternate GPIO function is selected, TX_ACTIVE becomes an output that indicates that the EM3585 radio transceiver is in transmit mode. PC5 must not be used in this mode as it is needed internally as TX_ACTIVE to control the external RF front end and power amplifier. PB0 is not available to the user.
- {2} The serial UART connections TXD, RXD, CTS and RTS are PB1, PB2, PB3 and PB4 respectively. The device sends its data on TXD and receives on RXD.
- {3} If PA5 is driven low at power-up or reset the module will boot up in the bootloader
- {4} PA6, PA7, PB6, PB7 and PC0 can drive high current (see section 8)
- {5} nRESET is level-sensitive, not edge-sensitive. The module is held in the reset state while nRESET is low. This signal has a 30kΩ Pull-Up.

Important Note: The ETRX3585 series and the ETRX3585-LRS series of modules are footprint compatible, but on the ETRX3585-LRS series pins PB0 and PC5 of the EM3585 are used internally to control the front-end module and are not available to the user. PC5 is still available on Pad2, but it is configured as TX_ACTIVE signal and cannot be used as a general purpose GPIO.

See also the table “Module pads and functions” in the ETRX357 Development Kit Product Manual. Refer to the Silicon Labs EM358x manual for details of the alternate functions and pin names.

4 Hardware Description

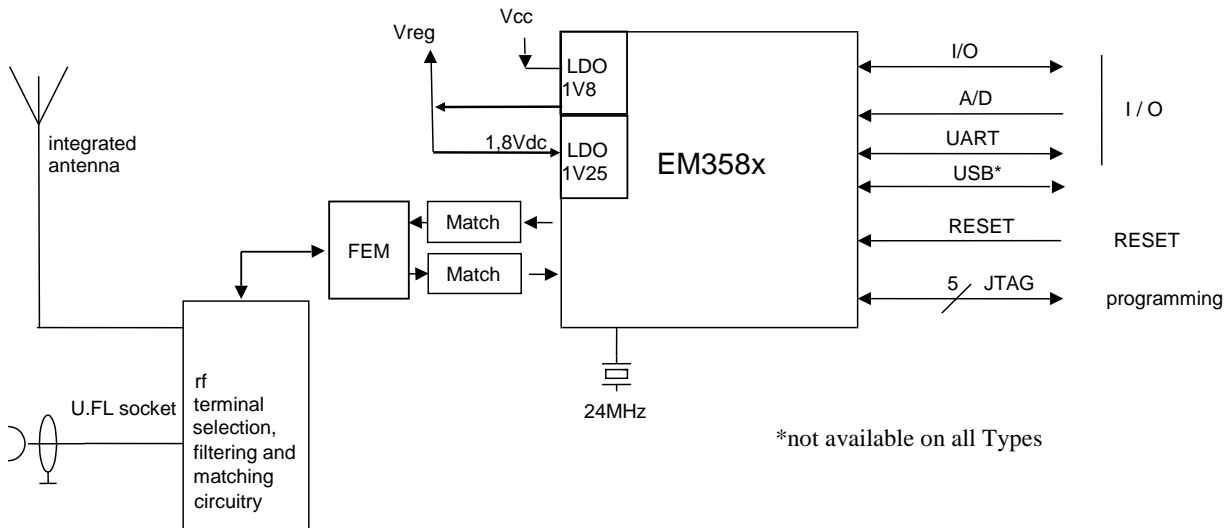


Figure 2. Hardware Diagram

The ETRX3585-LRS and ETRX3585-LRS are based on the Silicon Labs EM3585 family of ZigBee SoCs in addition to a frontend module containing a PA, LNA and RF switch in addition to the RF-frontend circuitry. The EM3585 family of ZigBee SoCs are fully integrated 2.4GHz ZigBee transceivers with a 32-bit ARM® Cortex M3™ microprocessor, flash and RAM memory, and peripherals.

The industry standard serial wire and JTAG programming and debugging interfaces together with the standard ARM system debug components help to streamline any custom software development.

In addition to this a number of MAC functions are also implemented in hardware to help maintain the strict timing requirements imposed by the ZigBee and IEEE802.15.4 standards.

The new advanced power management features allow faster wakeup from sleep and new power-down modes allow this 3rd generation module to offer a longer battery life than any 2nd generation modules on the market.

The EM3585 has fully integrated voltage regulators for both required 1.8V and 1.25V supply voltages. The voltages are monitored (brown-out detection) and the built in power-on-reset circuit eliminates the need for any external monitoring circuitry. A 32.768kHz watch crystal can be connected externally to pads 3 and 4 in case more accurate timing is required.

4.1 Hardware Interface

All GPIO pins of the EM3585 chips are accessible on the module's pads. Whether signals are used as general purpose I/Os, or assigned to a peripheral function like ADC is set by the firmware. When developing custom firmware please refer to the EM3585 datasheet [2].

5 Firmware Description

By default, the modules will be pre-loaded with a standalone bootloader which supports over-the-air bootloading as well as serial bootloading of new firmware.

In order to enter the standalone bootloader using a hardware trigger pull PA5 to ground and power-cycle or reset the module. To avoid entering the standalone bootloader unintentionally make sure not to pull this pin down during boot-up unless the resistance to ground is $>10k\Omega$. (A pull-up is not required).

Each module comes with a unique 64-bit 802.15.4 identifier which is stored in non-volatile memory.

A router is typically a mains powered device whilst a sleepy end device (SED) can be battery powered.

The module is also able to act as a coordinator and Trust Centre through external host control.

5.1 Token Settings

The ETRX3585-LRS Series Modules' manufacturing tokens will be pre-programmed with the settings shown in the table below.

| Token | Description | TG Default |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| MFG_CIB_OBS | Option Bytes | <not written> |
| MFG_CUSTOM_VERSION | Optional Version Number | <not written> |
| MFG_CUSTOM_EUI_64 | Custom EUI | <not written> |
| MFG_STRING | Device Specific String | TELEGESIS |
| MFG_BOARD_NAME | Hardware Identifier | <Order Code> |
| MFG_MANUF_ID | Manufacturer ID | 0x1010 |
| MFG_PHY_CONFIG | Default Power Settings | 0xFFFD |
| MFG_BOOTLOAD_AES_KEY | Bootloader Key | <not written> |
| MFG_EZSP_STORAGE | EZSP related | <not written> |
| MFG_CBKE_DATA | SE Security | <not written> |
| MFG_INSTALLATION_CODE | SE Installation | <not written> |
| MFG_OSC24M_BIAS_TRIM | Crystal Bias | <not written> |
| MFG_SYNTH_FREQ_OFFSET | Frequency offset | <not written> |
| MFG_OSC24M_SETTLE_DELAY | Crystal Stabilizing Time | <not written> |
| MFG_SECURITY_CONFIG | Security Settings | <not written> |
| MFG_CCA_THRESHOLD | CCA Threshold | 0xFEBF |
| MFG_SECURE_BOOTLOADER_KEY | Secure Bootloader Key | <not written> |

Table 4. Manufacturing tokens

5.2 Custom Firmware

The ETRX3585-LRS series of modules is an ideal platform for developing custom firmware. In order to develop custom firmware the Silicon Labs Ember toolchain is required.

When writing firmware for the ETRX3585-LRS it is important to ensure that pins PB0 and PC5 are correctly configured in order that the RF front-end module can operate correctly. An application note "Writing customised firmware for the ETRX35x-LRS" can be downloaded from the Telegesis website.

5.3 Boost Mode vs. Normal Mode

The Ember EM3585 chips support a "boost mode" power setting next to the "normal mode" power setting. The "boost mode" setting increases the sensitivity and output power of the radio transceiver, however with the LRS variants enabling boost mode has no positive effect on neither the output power nor the sensitivity and therefore it is recommended to not use boost mode on this platform.

Section 10.2 lists the requirements for the maximum power settings for use of the LRS family in different countries.

6 Absolute Maximum Ratings

| No. | Item | Symbol | Absolute Maximum Ratings | Unit |
|-----|---|----------------|----------------------------|------|
| 1 | Supply voltage | V_{CC} | -0.3 to +3.6 | Vdc |
| 2 | Voltage on any Pad | V_{in} | -0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | Vdc |
| 3 | Voltage on any Pad pin (PA4, PA5, PB5, PB6, PB7, PC1), when used as an input to the general purpose ADC with the low voltage range selected | V_{in} | -0.3 to +2.0 | Vdc |
| 4 | Module storage temperature range | T_{stg} | -40 to +105 | °C |
| 5 | Reel storage temperature range | $T_{strgreel}$ | 0 to 75 | °C |
| 6 | Operating temperature range | T_{op} | -40 to +85 | °C |
| 7 | Input RF level | P_{max} | +6 | dBm |
| 8 | Reflow temperature | T_{Death} | Please refer to chapter 12 | °C |

Table 5: Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings given above should under no circumstances be violated. Exceeding one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device.



Caution! ESD sensitive device. Precautions should be used when handling the device in order to prevent permanent damage.

6.1 Environmental Characteristics

| No. | Item | Symbol | Absolute Maximum Ratings | Unit |
|-----|--|-------------|--------------------------|------|
| 1 | ESD on any pad according to Human Body Model (HBM) circuit description | V_{THHBM} | ±2 | kV |
| 2 | ESD on non-RF pads according to Charged Device Model (CDM) circuit description | V_{THCDM} | ±400 | V |
| 3 | ESD on RF terminal (HBM) | V_{THCDM} | 1000 | V |
| 4 | Moisture Sensitivity Level | MSL | MSL3, per J-STD-033 | |

Table 6: Absolute Maximum Ratings

6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

| No. | Item | Condition / Remark | Symbol | Value | | | Unit |
|-----|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|-----|------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 1 | Supply voltage | | V_{CC} | 2.1 | 3.0 | 3.6 | Vdc |
| 2 | RF Input Frequency | | f_c | 2405 | | 2480 | MHz |
| 3 | RF Input Power | | P_{IN} | | | 0 | dBm |
| 4 | Operating temperature range | | T_{op} | -40 | | +85 | °C |

Table 7. Recommended Operating Conditions

7 DC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = 3.0V, T_{AMB} = 25°C, NORMAL MODE (non-Boost) unless otherwise stated

| No. | Item | Condition / Remark | Symbol | Value | | | Unit |
|--|---|--|-----------------------|-------|-------|-----|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 1 | Module supply voltage | | V _{CC} | 2.1 | | 3.6 | Vdc |
| Deep Sleep Current | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Quiescent current, internal RC oscillator disabled, | 4kB RAM retained | I _{SLEEP} | | 1.0 | | μA |
| 3 | Quiescent current, internal RC oscillator enabled | 4kB RAM retained | I _{SLEEP} | | 1.25 | | μA |
| 4 | Quiescent current, including 32.768kHz oscillator | 4kB RAM retained | I _{SLEEP} | | 1.6 | | μA |
| 5 | Quiescent current including internal RC oscillator and 32.768kHz oscillator | 4kB RAM retained | I _{SLEEP} | | 1.9 | | μA |
| 6 | Additional current per 4kB block of RAM retained | | I _{RAMSLEEP} | | 0,067 | | μA |
| Reset Current | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Quiescent current nReset asserted | | I _{RESET} | | 2 | 3 | mA |
| Processor and Peripheral Currents | | | | | | | |
| 8 | ARM® Cortex™ M3, RAM and flash memory | 25°C, 12MHz Core clock | I _{MCU} | | 7.5 | | mA |
| 9 | ARM® Cortex™ M3, RAM and flash memory | 25°C, 24MHz Core clock | I _{MCU} | | 8.5 | | mA |
| 10 | ARM® Cortex™ M3, RAM and flash memory sleep current | 25°C, 12MHz Core clock | I _{MCU} | | 4.0 | | mA |
| 11 | ARM® Cortex™ M3, RAM and flash memory sleep current | 25°C, 6MHz Core clock | I _{MCU} | | 2.5 | | mA |
| 12 | Serial controller current | Per serial controller at max. clock rate | I _{SC} | | 0.2 | | mA |
| 13 | General purpose timer current | Per timer at max. clock rate | I _{TIM} | | 0.25 | | mA |
| 14 | General purpose ADC current | Max. Sample rate, DMA | I _{ADC} | | 1.1 | | mA |
| 15 | USB Active Current | | I _{USB} | | 1 | | mA |
| 16 | USB Suspend Mode Current | | I _{USBSUSP} | | | 2.5 | mA |
| RX Current | | | | | | | |
| 17 | LNA, Radio receiver MAC and Baseband | ARM® Cortex™ M3 sleeping. | I _{RX} | | 26.5 | | mA |
| 18 | Receive current consumption | Total, 12MHz clock speed | I _{RX} | | 30 | | mA |
| 19 | Receive current consumption | Total, 24MHz clock speed | I _{RX} | | 31.5 | | mA |

| TX Current | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--|------|--|----|
| 20 | Transmit current consumption | at +20dBm module output power | I_{TXVCC} | | 140 | | mA |
| 21 | Transmit Current consumption | at min module output power | I_{TXVCC} | | 52 | | mA |
| Sleep Modes & Peripheral Current | | | | | | | |
| 22 | MCU, RAM and flash, FEM, radio off | 12MHz clock speed | I_{MCU} | | 7 | | mA |
| 23 | MCU, RAM and flash, FEM, radio off | 24MHz clock speed | I_{MCU} | | 8 | | mA |
| 24 | Serial Controller | Max data rate | I_{SC} | | 0.2 | | mA |
| 25 | Timer | Max clock rate | I_{TMR} | | 0.25 | | mA |
| 26 | ADC | Max sample rate | I_{ADC} | | 1.1 | | mA |

Table 8: DC Electrical Characteristics

8 Digital I/O Specifications

The digital I/Os of the ETRX3585-LRS module have the ratings shown below.

$V_{CC} = 3.0V$, $T_{AMB} = 25^{\circ}C$, NORMAL MODE unless otherwise stated

| No. | Item | Condition / Remark | Symbol | Value | | | Unit |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|-----|----------------------|------------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 1 | Low Schmitt switching threshold | Schmitt input threshold going from high to low | V_{SWIL} | $0.42 \times V_{CC}$ | | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | Vdc |
| 2 | High Schmitt switching threshold | Schmitt input threshold going from low to high | V_{SWIH} | $0.62 \times V_{CC}$ | | $0.8 \times V_{CC}$ | MHz |
| 3 | Input current for logic 0 | | I_{IL} | | | -0.5 | μA |
| 4 | Input current for logic 1 | | I_{IH} | | | 0.5 | μA |
| 5 | Input Pull-up resistor value | | R_{IPU} | 24 | 29 | 34 | k Ω |
| 6 | Input Pull-down resistor value | | R_{IPD} | 24 | 29 | 34 | k Ω |
| 7 | Output voltage for logic 0 | $I_{OL} = 4mA$ (8mA) for standard (high current) pads | V_{OL} | 0 | | $0.18 \times V_{CC}$ | V |
| 8 | Output voltage for logic 1 | $I_{OH} = 4mA$ (8mA) for standard (high current) pads | V_{OH} | $0.82 \times V_{CC}$ | | V_{CC} | V |
| 9 | Output Source Current | Standard current pad | I_{OHS} | | | 4 | mA |
| 10 | Output Sink current | Standard current pad | I_{OLS} | | | 4 | mA |
| 11 | Output Source Current | High current pad (1) | I_{OHH} | | | 8 | mA |
| 12 | Output Sink current | High current pad (1) | I_{OLH} | | | 8 | mA |
| 13 | Total output current | | $I_{OH} + I_{OL}$ | | | 40 | mA |

Table 9. Digital I/O Specifications

| No. | Item | Condition / Remark | Symbol | Value | | | Unit |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------------|------|----------------------|------------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 1 | Low Schmitt switching threshold | Schmitt input threshold going from high to low | V_{SWIL} | $0.42 \times V_{CC}$ | | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | Vdc |
| 2 | High Schmitt switching threshold | Schmitt input threshold going from low to high | V_{SWIH} | $0.62 \times V_{CC}$ | | $0.68 \times V_{CC}$ | Vdc |
| 3 | Input current for logic 0 | | I_{IL} | | | -0.5 | μA |
| 4 | Input current for logic 1 | | I_{IH} | | | 0.5 | μA |
| 5 | Input Pull-up resistor value | Chip not reset | R_{IPU} | 24 | 29 | 34 | k Ω |
| 6 | Input Pull-up resistor value | Chip reset | $R_{IPURESET}$ | 12 | 14.5 | 17 | k Ω |

Table 10. nReset Pin Specifications

Notes

1) High current pads are PA6, PA7, PB6, PB7, PC0

9 A/D Converter Characteristics

The ADC is a first-order sigma-delta converter. For additional information on the ADC please refer to the EM358x datasheet.

| No. | Item | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | A/D resolution | Up to 14 bits |
| 2 | A/D sample time for 7-bit conversion | 5.33µs (188kHz) |
| 3 | A/D sample time for 14-bit conversion | 682µs |
| 4 | Reference Voltage | 1.2V |

Table 11. A/D Converter Characteristics

10 AC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = 3.0V, T_{AMB} = 25°C, NORMAL MODE measured at 50Ω terminal load connected to the U.FL socket

| No. | Receiver | Value | | | Unit |
|-----|--|---------|------|--------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 1 | Frequency range | 2400 | | 2500 | MHz |
| 2 | Sensitivity for 1% Packet Error Rate (PER) | -107 | -106 | -100 | dBm |
| 4 | Saturation (maximum input level for correct operation) | -3 | 2 | | dBm |
| 5 | High-Side Adjacent Channel Rejection (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | 41 | | dB |
| 6 | Low-Side Adjacent Channel Rejection (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | 40 | | dB |
| 7 | 2 nd High-Side Adjacent Channel Rejection (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | 54 | | dB |
| 8 | 2 nd Low-Side Adjacent Channel Rejection (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | 52 | | dB |
| 9 | Channel Rejection for all other channels (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | tbd | | dB |
| 10 | 802.11g rejection centred at +12MHz or -13MHz (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | tbd | | dB |
| 11 | Co-channel rejection (1% PER and desired signal -82dBm acc. to [1]) | | tbd | | dBc |
| 12 | Relative frequency error (2x40ppm required by [1]) | -120 | | 120 | ppm |
| 13 | Relative timing error (2x40ppm required by [1]) | -120 | | 120 | ppm |
| 14 | Linear RSSI range | 35 | | | dB |
| 15 | Output power at highest power setting NORMAL MODE BOOST MODE | 20 | 21 | 21.5 | dBm |
| | | 20 | 21 | 21.5 | |
| 16 | Output power at lowest power setting | | | -40 | dBm |
| 17 | Error vector magnitude as per IEEE802.15.4 | | 7 | 15 | % |
| 18 | Carrier frequency error | -40 {1} | | 40 {1} | ppm |

Table 12. AC Electrical Characteristics

Notes

{1} Applies across the full ranges of rated temperature and supply voltage.

Please Note: For the relationship between EM3585 power settings and module output power please refer to chapter 10.1 of this document. When developing custom firmware the output power settings described in this document relate directly to the EM3585 power settings accessible via the Ember stack API.

| No. | Synthesiser Characteristics | Limit | | | Unit |
|-----|---|-------|------------|------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 22 | Frequency range | 2400 | | 2500 | MHz |
| 23 | Frequency resolution | | 11.7 | | kHz |
| 24 | Lock time from off state, with correct VCO DAC settings | | | 100 | µs |
| 25 | Relock time, channel change or Rx/Tx turnaround | | | 100 | µs |
| 26 | Phase noise at 100kHz offset | | -71dBc/Hz | | |
| 27 | Phase noise at 1MHz offset | | -91dBc/Hz | | |
| 28 | Phase noise at 4MHz offset | | -103dBc/Hz | | |
| 29 | Phase noise at 10MHz offset | | -111dBc/Hz | | |

Table 13. Synthesiser Characteristics

| No. | Power On Reset (POR) Specifications | Limit | | | Unit |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 30 | V _{CC} POR release | 0.62 | 0.95 | 1.2 | Vdc |
| 31 | V _{CC} POR assert | 0.45 | 0.65 | 0.85 | Vdc |

Table 14. Power On Reset Specifications

| No. | nRESET Specifications | Limit | | | Unit |
|-----|---|-------|-----|-----|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| 32 | Reset Filter Time constant | 2.1 | 12 | 16 | µs |
| 33 | Reset Pulse width to guarantee a reset | 26 | | | µs |
| 34 | Reset Pulse width guaranteed not to cause reset | 0 | | 1 | µs |

Table 15. nReset Specifications

10.1 TX Power Characteristics

The diagrams below show the typical output power and module current in dependency on EM3585-LRS power setting in NORMAL MODE at 3.6V and room temperature.

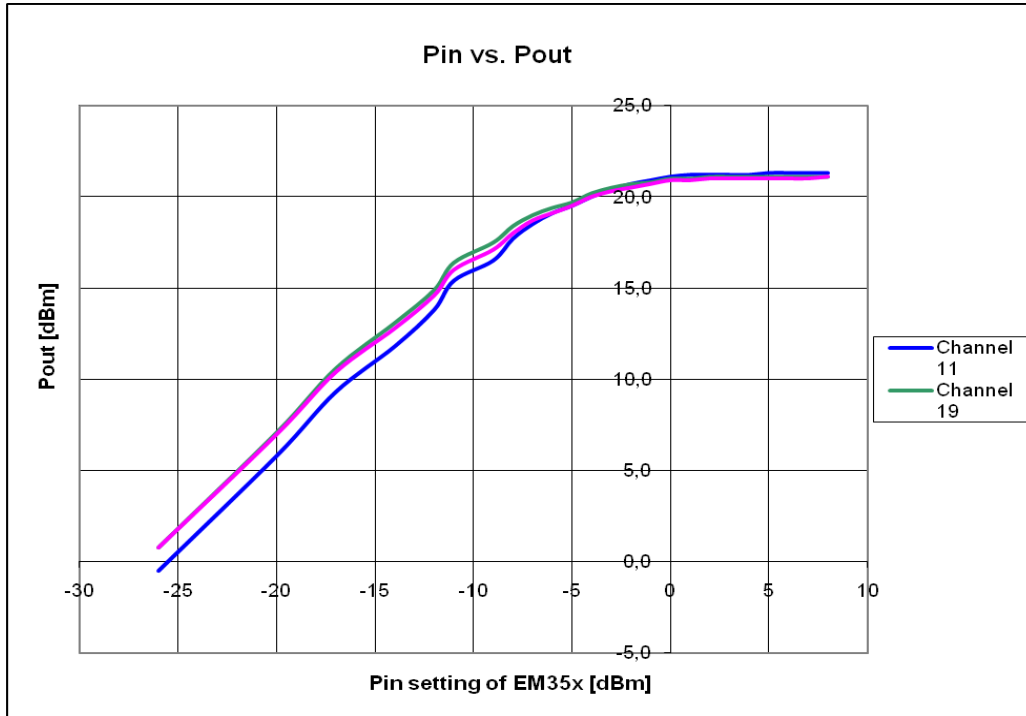


Figure 3. Output Power vs. Power Setting

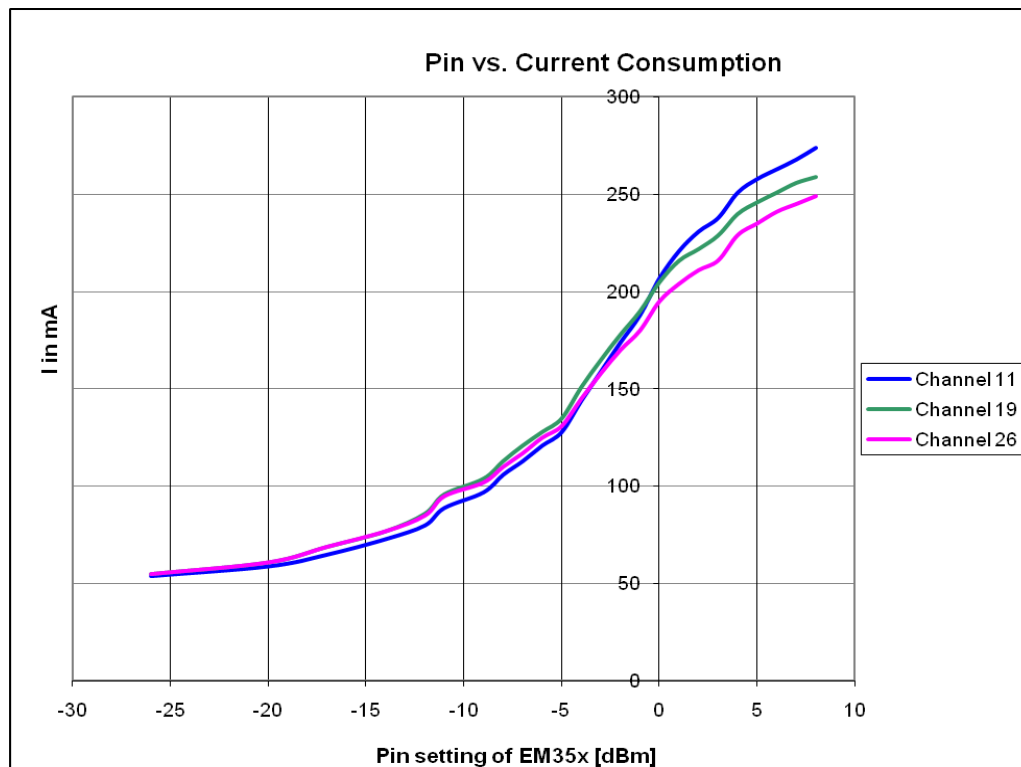


Figure 4. Module Current vs. Power Setting

10.2 Power Settings for Regulatory Compliance

Because of the high gain of the frontend module output power of up to 22dBm can be achieved. When the antenna gain is included the output power of the EM3585 transceivers needs to be reduced for regulatory compliance. The following tables list the maximum permitted power setting for the antenna types listed in Table 2. Note that this is the power out of the EM3585 chip, and the power delivered to the antenna will be higher by the gain of the RF power amplifier.

($V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $T_{AMB} = 25^{\circ}C$, NORMAL MODE)

| Antenna | Channels 11-24 | Channel 25 | Channel 26 |
|----------|----------------|------------|------------|
| 1/2 Wave | -17 | -17 | -17 |
| 1/4 Wave | -17 | -17 | -17 |
| On Board | -17 | -17 | -17 |

Table 16: Maximum Power Settings for European Compliance

Finally Table 17 the maximum Power settings for FCC and IC compliance.

| Antenna | Channels 11-24 | Channel 25 | Channel 26 |
|----------|----------------|------------|------------|
| 1/2 Wave | -8 | -12 | -43 |
| 1/4 Wave | -8 | -8 | -26 |
| On Board | -7 | -7 | -26 |

Table 17: Maximum Power Settings for FCC, IC Compliance

10.3 Temperature behaviour

Figure 5 and Figure 6 illustrate the temperature behaviour of the ETRX3585-LRS series of modules. Please note that although the temperature behaviour was measured to up to 100 degrees Celsius the absolute maximum rating is 85 degrees Celsius.

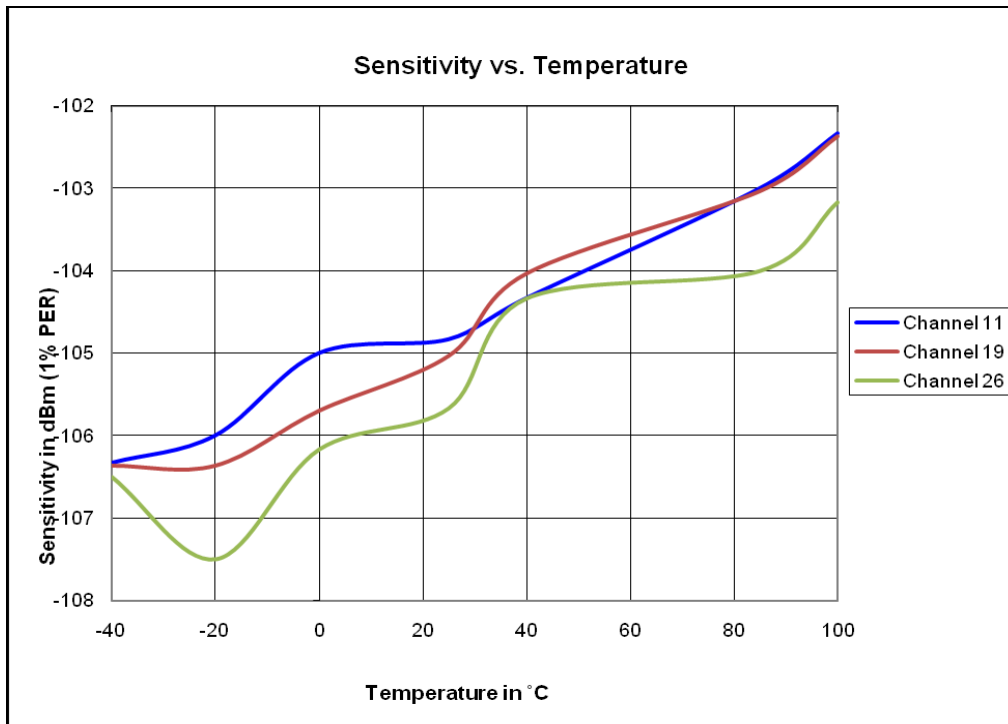


Figure 5. Sensitivity vs. Temperature

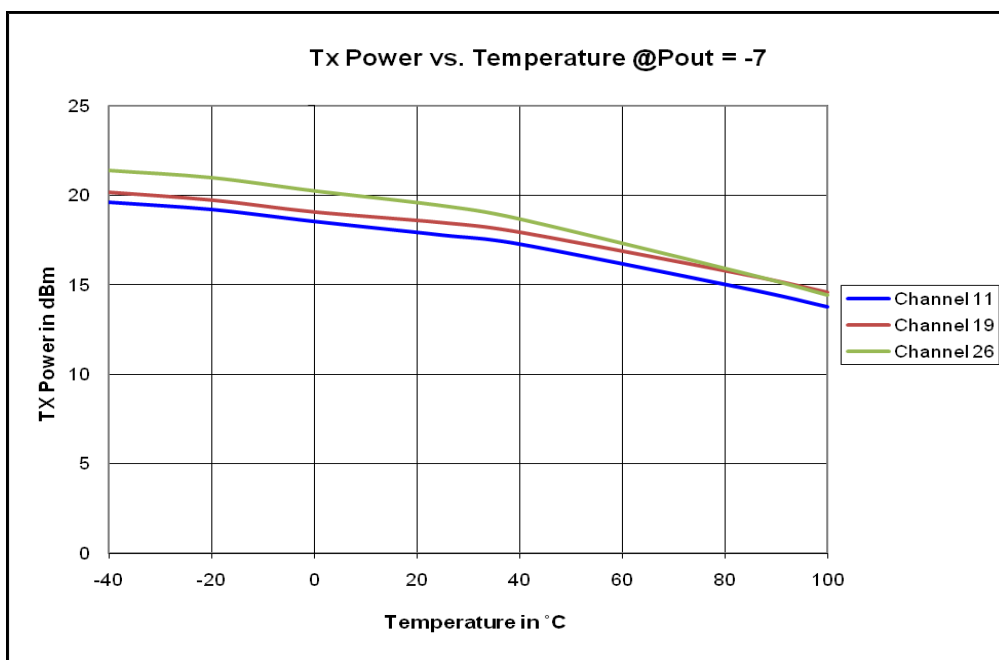


Figure 6. TX Power vs. Temperature

11 Physical Dimensions

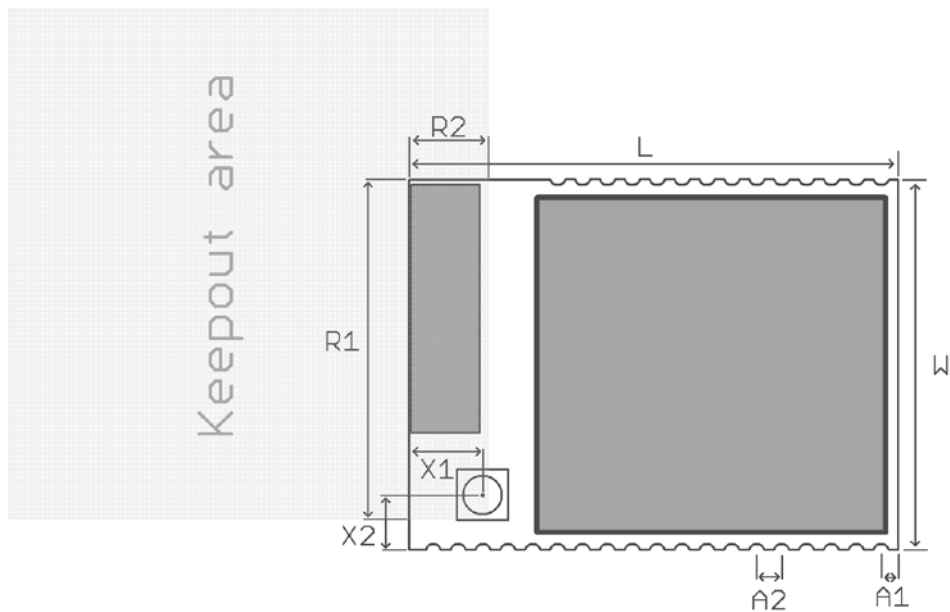


Figure 7. ETRX3 Physical Dimensions

| Symbol | Explanation | Distance |
|--------|---|----------|
| L | Length of the module | 25.0mm |
| W | Width of the module | 19.0mm |
| H | Height of the module | 3.8mm |
| A1 | Distance centre of pad PCB edge | 0.9mm |
| A2 | Pitch | 1.27mm |
| R1 | Keep-out Zone from corner of PCB | 17.5mm |
| R2 | Keep-out Zone from corner of PCB | 4.1mm |
| X1 | Distance centre of Antenna connector PCB edge | 3.8mm |
| X2 | Distance centre of Antenna connector PCB edge | 2.8mm |

Table 18. ETRX3 Physical Dimensions

For ideal RF performance when using the on-board antenna, the antenna should be located at the corner of the carrier PCB. There should be no components, tracks or copper planes in the “keep-out” area which should be as large as possible. When using the U.FL RF connector the “keep-out” area does not have to be kept. **NB:** The modules’ transmit/receive range will depend on the antenna used and also the housing of the finished product.

12 Recommended Reflow Profile

Recommended temperature profile for reflow soldering

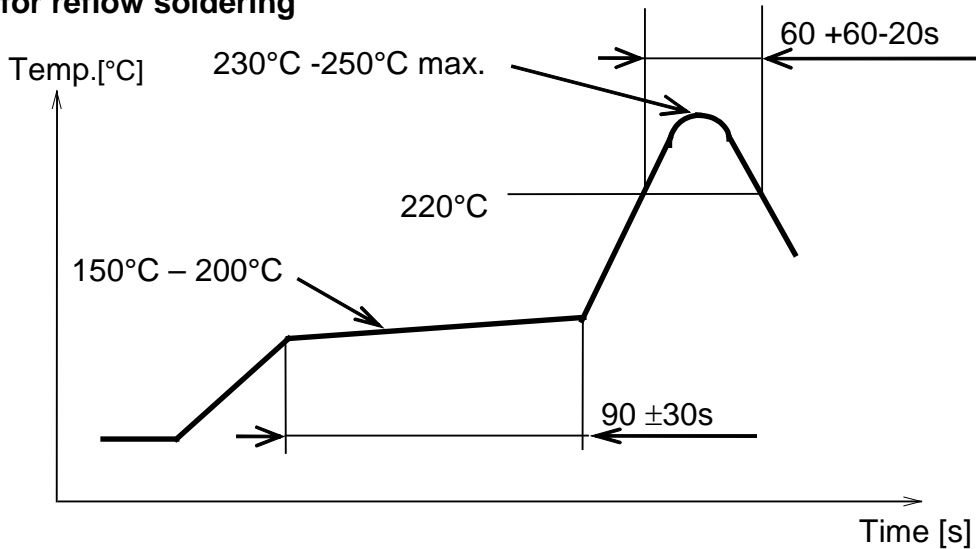


Figure 8. Recommended Reflow Profile

Use of “No-Clean” solder paste is recommended to avoid the requirement for a cleaning process. Cleaning the module is strongly discouraged because it will be difficult to ensure no cleaning agent and other residuals are remaining underneath the shielding can as well as in the gap between the module and the host board.

Please Note:

Maximum number of reflow cycles: 2

Opposite-side reflow is prohibited due to the module’s weight. (i.e. you must not place the module on the bottom / underside of your PCB and re-flow).

13 Product Label Drawing

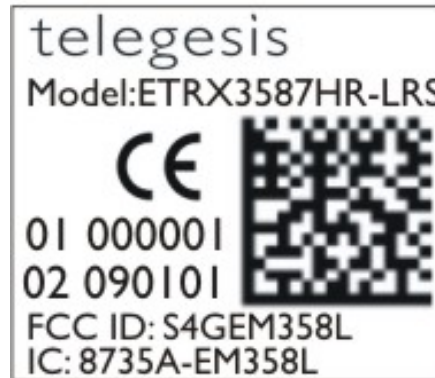


Figure 9. Product Label

The label dimensions are 16mm x 14 mm. The label will withstand temperatures used during reflow soldering. The characters “HR” are only present on the versions with the Hirose connector,

| Imprint | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| ETRX3585HR-LRS | Module Order code Possible codes are: - ETRX3585-LRS - ETRX3585HR-LRS |
| 000001 | Indication for the serial number. |
| 090101 | Production Date Code in the format YYMMDD, e.g. 090602 |
| 01 | Indication for batch number |
| 02 | Indication for the production location (first character) and the hardware revision (second character) |
| FCC ID: S4GEM358L | FCC ID code for this product |
| IC: 8735A-EM358L | The IC ID |
| CE | The CE Mark |
| 2D-Barcode | Information in the 2D-Barcode are the serial number [6 characters], the Part-Order code, identifier for the batch number [2 characters], the identifier for the hardware release [2 characters] and the production date code in the format Year-Month-Day [6 characters], all separated by a semicolon. |

Table 19. ETRX3585-LRS Label Details

14 Recommended Footprint

In order to surface mount an ETRX3 series module, we recommend that you use pads which are 1mm wide and 1.2mm high. Unless using the “HR” variants the “keep-out” zone shown in section 11 must be retained, and it must be ensured that this area is free of copper tracks and/or copper planes/layers.

You must also ensure that there is no exposed copper on your layout which may contact with the underside of the ETRX3 series module.

For best RF performance it is required to provide good ground connections to the ground pads of the module. It is recommended to use multiple vias between each ground pad and a solid ground plane to minimize inductivity in the ground path.

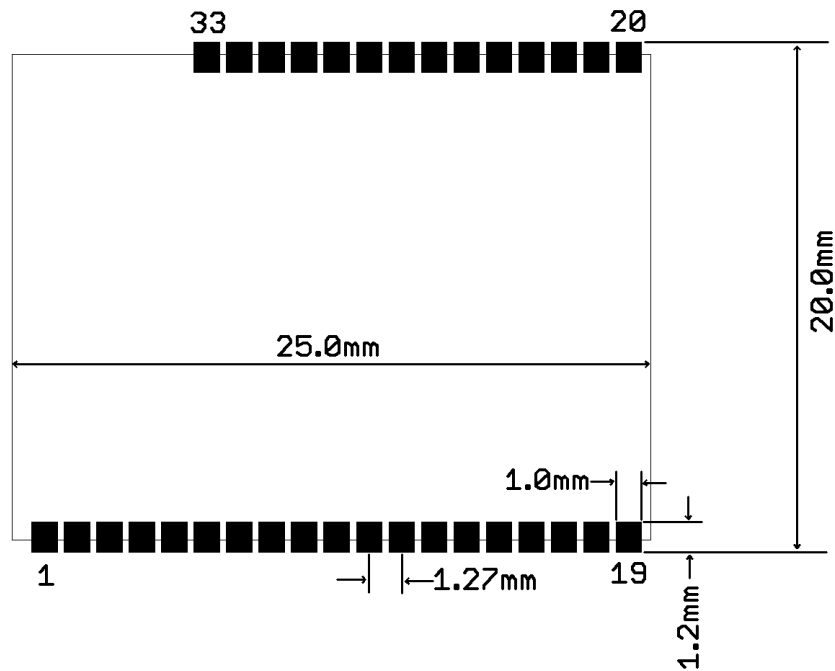


Figure 10. Recommended Footprint

The land pattern dimensions above serve as a guideline.

We recommend that you use the same pad dimensions for the solder paste screen as you have for the copper pads. However these sizes and shapes may need to be varied depending on your soldering processes and your individual production standards. We recommend a paste screen thickness of 120µm to 150µm.

Figure 11 shows the typical pad dimensions of the module and Figure 12-Figure 14 in section 14.1 show examples of how to align the module on its host PCB.

Although the undersides of the ETRX3 series modules are fully coated, no exposed copper, such as through-hole vias, planes or tracks on your board component layer, should be located below the ETRX3 series module in order to avoid 'shorts'. All ETRX3 series modules use a multilayer PCB containing an inner RF shielding ground plane, therefore there is no need to have an additional copper plane directly under the ETRX3 series module.

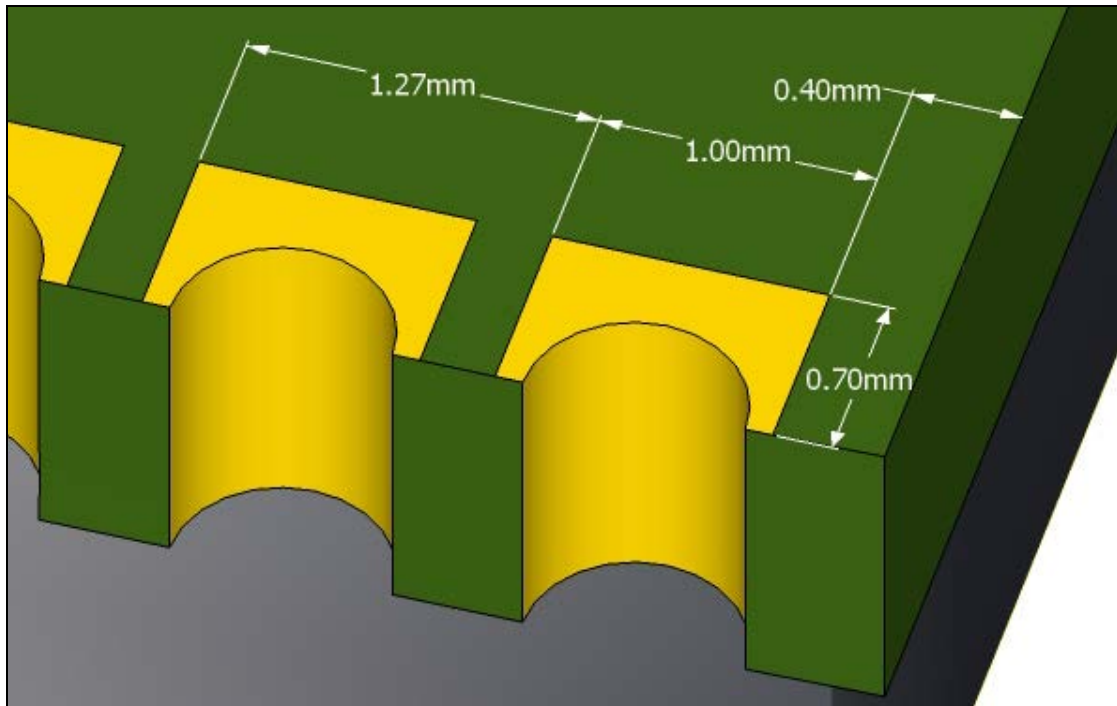


Figure 11. Typical pad dimensions

Finally it is recommended to use no clean flux when soldering the ETRX3585 family of modules and to not use a washing process after reflow. If the process does require washing then care must be taken that no washing agent is trapped underneath the shielding can after the drying process has completed.

14.1 Recommended Placement

When placing the module please either locate the antenna in the corner as shown in Figure 12 so that the recommended antenna keepout zone is being followed, or add a no copper zone as indicated in Figure 14.

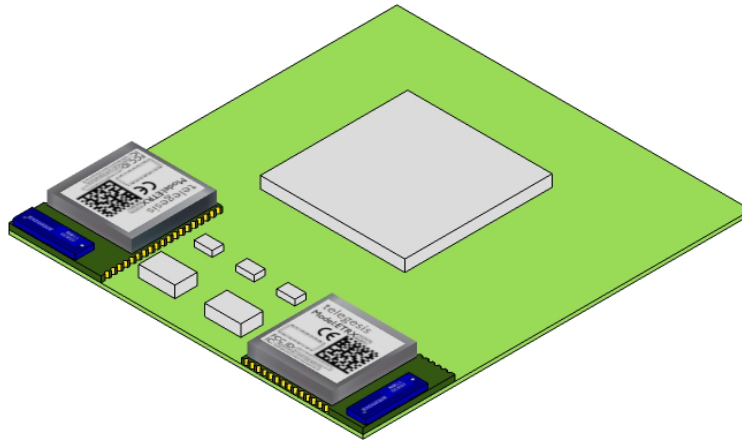


Figure 12. Typical placement

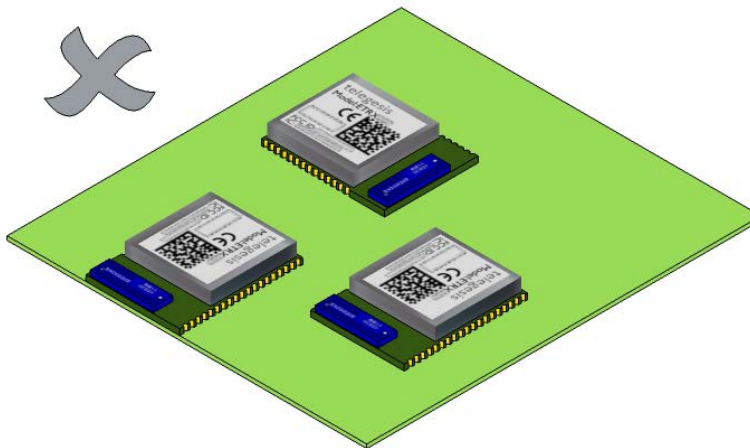


Figure 13. How to not place the Module

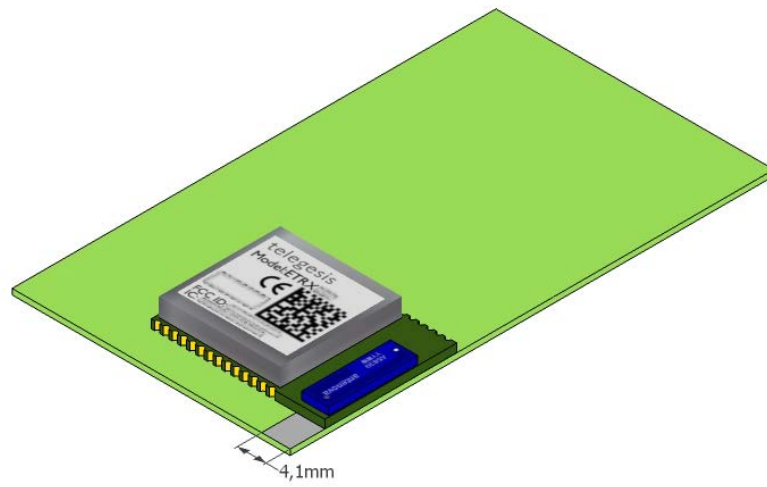


Figure 14. Adding a no copper / no component area

14.2 Example carrier board

Since the RF performance of the module with the on board antenna is strongly dependent on the proper location of the module on its carrier board, shows the reference carrier board which was used during testing by Telegesis.

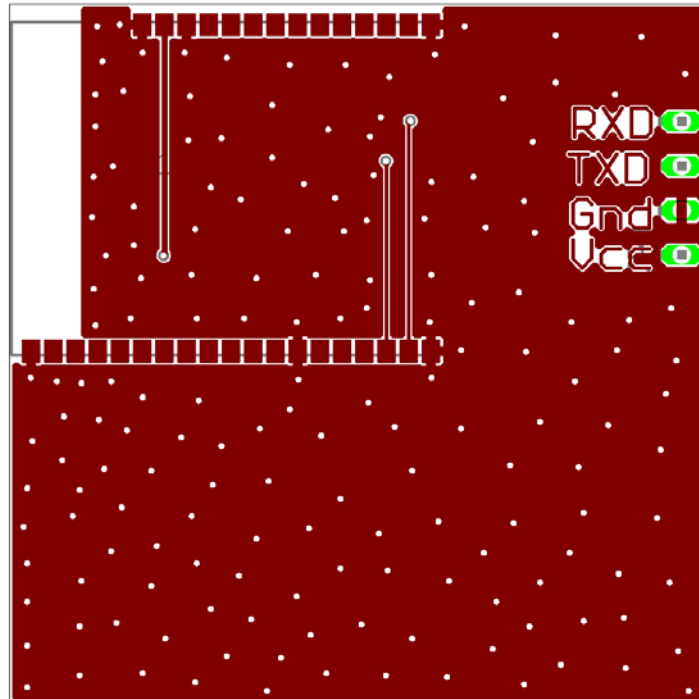


Figure 15. Reference Board

For best performance it is recommended to locate the antenna towards the corner of the carrier board and to respect the recommended keep-out areas as described in section 11.

Finally to provide a good reference ground to the on board antenna, the carrier board should have a ground plane spanning no less than 40 x 40mm. In many cases a smaller ground plane will suffice, but a degradation in radio performance could be the result.

15 Reliability Tests

The following measurements will be conducted after the module has been exposed to standard room temperature and humidity for 1 hour.

| No | Item | Limit | Condition |
|----|-----------------|---|---|
| 1 | Vibration test | Electrical parameter should be in specification | Freq.:40Hz,Amplitude:1.5mm 20min. / cycle,1hrs. each of X and Y axis |
| 2 | Shock test | the same as the above | Dropped onto hard wood from height of 50cm for 10 times |
| 3 | Heat cycle test | the same as the above | -40°C for 30min. and +85°C for 30min.; each temperature 300 cycles |
| 5 | Low temp. test | the same as the above | -40°C, 300h |
| 6 | High temp. test | the same as the above | +85°C, 300h |

Table 20: Reliability Tests

16 Application Notes

16.1 Safety Precautions

These specifications are intended to preserve the quality assurance of products as individual components.

Before use, check and evaluate their operation when mounted on your products. Abide by these specifications when using the products. These products may short-circuit. If electrical shocks, smoke, fire, and/or accidents involving human life are anticipated when a short circuit occurs, then provide the following failsafe functions as a minimum:

- (1) Ensure the safety of the whole system by installing a protection circuit and a protection device.
- (2) Ensure the safety of the whole system by installing a redundant circuit or another system to prevent a single fault causing an unsafe status.

16.2 Design Engineering Notes

- (1) Heat is the major cause of shortening the life of these products. Avoid assembly and use of the target equipment in conditions where the product's temperature may exceed the maximum allowable.
- (2) Failure to do so may result in degrading of the product's functions and damage to the product.
- (3) If pulses or other transient loads (a large load applied in a short time) are applied to the products, before use, check and evaluate their operation when assembled onto your products.
- (4) These products are not intended for other uses, other than under the special conditions shown below. Before using these products under such special conditions, check their performance and reliability under the said special conditions carefully, to determine whether or not they can be used in such a manner.

- (5) In liquid, such as water, salt water, oil, alkali, or organic solvent, or in places where liquid may splash.
- (6) In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in a dusty environment
- (7) In an environment where condensation occurs.
- (8) In an environment with a high concentration of harmful gas (e.g. salty air, HCl, Cl₂, SO₂, H₂S, NH₃, and NO_x)
- (9) If an abnormal voltage is applied due to a problem occurring in other components or circuits, replace these products with new products because they may not be able to provide normal performance even if their electronic characteristics and appearances appear satisfactory.
- (10) Mechanical stress during assembly of the board and operation has to be avoided.
- (11) Pressing on parts of the metal cover or fastening objects to the metal cover is not permitted.

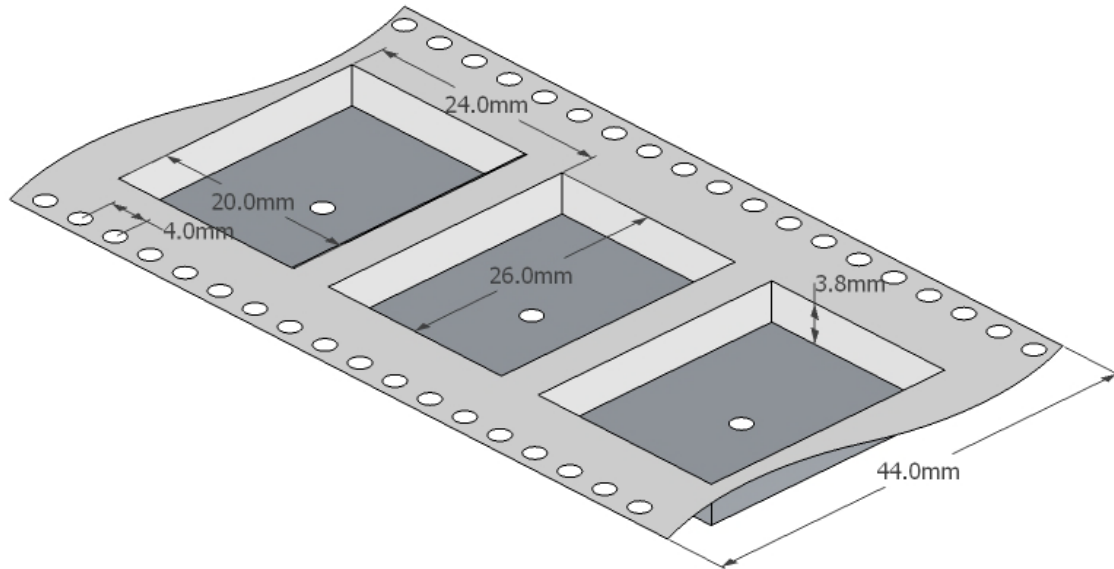
16.3 Storage Conditions

- (1) The module must not be stressed mechanically during storage.
- (2) Do not store these products in the following conditions or the performance characteristics of the product, such as RF performance, may well be adversely affected:
- (3) Storage in salty air or in an environment with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO_x
- (4) Storage (before assembly of the end product) of the modules for more than one year after the date of delivery at your company even if all the above conditions (1) to (3) have been met, should be avoided.

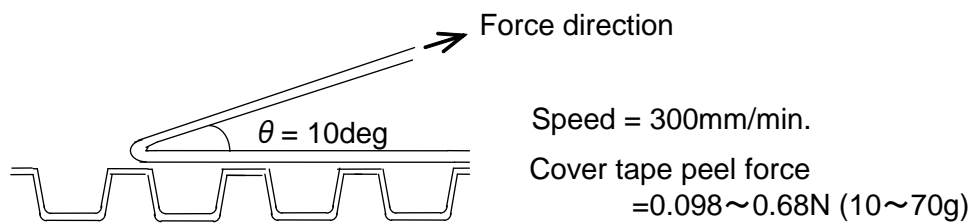
17 Packaging

17.1 Embossed Tape

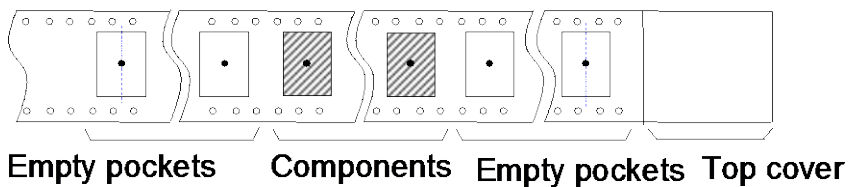
- (1) Dimension of the tape



- (2) Cover tape peel force



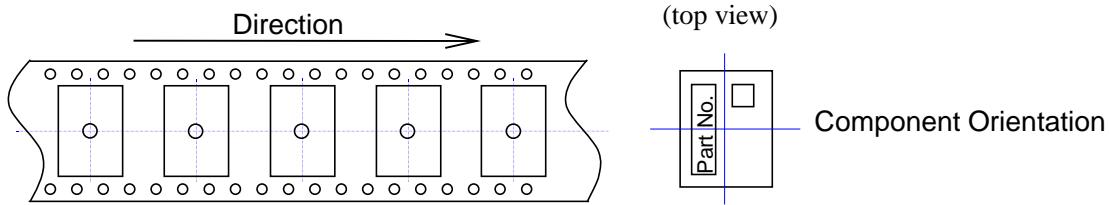
- (3) Empty pockets



NB: Empty pockets in the component packed area will be less than two per reel and those empty pockets will not be consecutive.

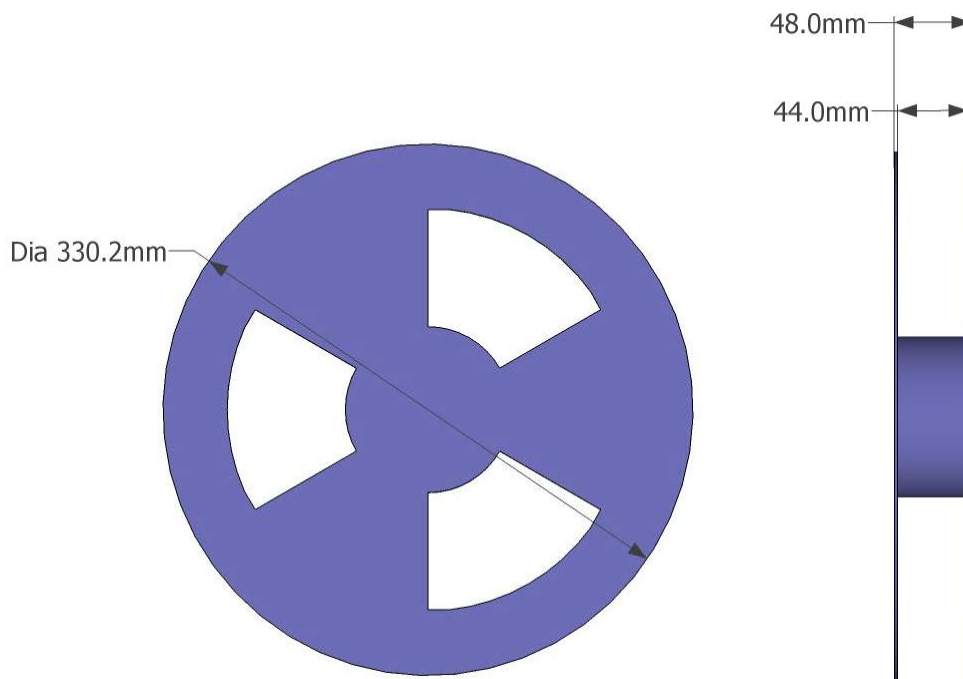
17.2 Component Orientation

Top cover tape will not obstruct the carrier tape holes and will not extend beyond the edges of the carrier tape



17.3 Reel Dimensions

- (4) Quantity per reel: 600 pieces
- (5) Marking: Part No. / Quantity / Lot No. and manufacturer part# with bar-code will be on the reel



17.4 Packaging

- (6) Each reel will be packed in a hermetically-sealed bag
- (7) Marking: Reel / Antistatic Packaging / Reel Box and outer Box will carry the following label



| Imprint | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| MFG P/N: 99X902DL | Internal use |
| Lot: 00 | Internal use |
| P/N:ETRX3587-LRS | Telegesis Module Order Code. |
| Quantity:600 | Quantity of modules inside the reel/carton |
| Reel No: 000001 | Six digit unique Reel number counting up from 000001 |
| Date:120824 | Date Code in the format YYMMDD, e.g. 120824 |
| P/C: ETRX3587-LRS-R308 | Module product code with reference to firmware/module type selected during ATE. If needed multiline. |
| 2D-Barcode | Information in the 32x32 Datamatrix 2D-Barcode are and identifier "REEL" [5 characters], the reel number [6 characters], the Module Order code [max 18 characters], the quantity [max 4 characters] , the date code in the format Year-Month-Day [6 characters] and the product code [max 40 characters] , all separated by a semicolon. |

18 Ordering Information

| Ordering/Product Code | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ETRX3585-LRS | <p>Power amplified Telegesis Wireless Mesh Networking Module with Silicon Labs ZigBee Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Based on Silicon Labs EM3585 SoC • Integrated 2.4GHz Antenna |
| ETRX3585HR-LRS | <p>Power amplified Telegesis Wireless Mesh Networking Module with Silicon Labs ZigBee Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Based on Silicon Labs EM3585 SoC • U.FL coaxial Antenna Connector |
| ETRX357DVK | <p>Telegesis Development Kit with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3 x ETRX3DVK Development Boards • 3 x USB cables • 2 x ETRX357 on carrier boards • 2 x ETRX357HR on carrier boards • 2 x ETRX357-LRS on carrier boards • 2 x ETRX357HR-LRS on carrier boards • 1 x ETRX3USB USB stick • 2 x ½-wave antennae • 2 x ¼-wave antennae |
| ETRX3587 Expansion Pack | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 x ETRX3587 on carrier boards • 2 x ETRX3587HR on carrier boards • 2 x ETRX3587-LRS on carrier boards • 2 x ETRX3587HR-LRS on carrier boards |

Notes:

- Customers' PO's must state the Ordering/Product Code.
- There is no "blank" version of the ETRX3585 modules available.

19 RoHS Declaration

Declaration of environmental compatibility for supplied products:

Hereby we declare based on the declaration of our suppliers that this product does not contain any of the substances which are banned by Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS2) or if they do, contain a maximum concentration of 0,1% by weight in homogeneous materials for:

- Lead and lead compounds
- Mercury and mercury compounds
- Chromium (VI)
- PBB (polybrominated biphenyl) category
- PBDE (polybrominated biphenyl ether) category

And a maximum concentration of 0.01% by weight in homogeneous materials for:

- Cadmium and cadmium compounds

20 Data Sheet Status

Silicon Labs reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product. Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

21 Related Documents

- [1] IEEE Standard 802.15.4 –2003 Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (LR-WPANS)
- [2] Datasheet EM35x, Ember. (www.silabs.com)
- [3] Datasheet U.FL-Series 2004.2 Hirose Ultra Small Surface Mount Coaxial Connectors - Low Profile 1.9mm or 2.4mm Mated Height
- [4] The ZigBee specification (www.zigbee.org)
- [5] Specification for Antenova Rufa Antenna (www.antenova.com)
- [6] Embedded Antenna design Ltd. (EAD Ltd.) (www.ead-ltd.com)