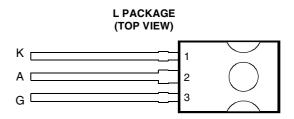
# **BOURNS®**

- V<sub>(BR)</sub> 1200 to 1500 V
- I<sub>H</sub> > 175 mA
- I<sub>GT</sub> < 2 mA

# description

This product is intended for use as a T8/T12 fluorescent tube starter switch on 200-240 V a.c. supplies with tube sizes up to 5 ft with leading and lagging ballast circuits.



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the heat slug.

MDXXAO

### absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	
Crest working off-state voltage (Full wave rectified 50 Hz a.c.)	$V_{DWM}$	375	V	
Peak reverse gate voltage	V <sub>RGM</sub>	6	V	
On-state current — continuous	lτ	1.5		
— repetitive peak	TRM	2	Α	
— non-repetitive peak	ITSM	10		
Peak gate current	IGRM	0.5	Α	
Average gate power	ite power P <sub>G(av)</sub> 0.3			
Operating case temperature range	-5 to +85	°C		
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-10 to +110	°C	
Lead temperature during soldering 1.6 mm from the case for 10 seconds	T <sub>lead</sub>	230	°C	

# electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYPE	MAX	UNIT
I <sub>D</sub>	Off-state current	$V_D = V_{DWM}$ $T_j = 65^{\circ}C$	1	mA
V <sub>T</sub>	On-state voltage	I <sub>T</sub> = 2 A	3.1	V
$V_{(BR)}$	Clamping voltage	$t_{p} < 200 \mu s,  2\%  duty  cycle$ 1200	1500	V
I <sub>H</sub>	Holding current	See application circuit 175		mA
I <sub>GTM</sub>	Peak gate	$V_{AA} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_L = 10 \Omega$	2	mA
	trigger current	VAA - 10 V 11L - 10 S2		
V <sub>GTM</sub>	Peak gate	$V_{AA} = 10 \text{ V}$ $R_{I} = 10 \Omega$	3	V
	trigger voltage	VAA = 10 V	3	v

#### applications data

The conventional method of starting fluorescent tubes employs the use of an electromechanical canister. This consists of a bimetallic strip which opens as it cools and in conjunction with the ballast inductor, provides the tube striking voltage. However, the random nature of the pulsing results in repeated striking attempts and degradation of both the tube and starter. The tube degradation is illustrated by its progressively blackening ends and ultimately required tube replacement.

The Y1112L, "Fluoractor<sup>®</sup>", has been specifically introduced for use in electronic starters. This unique device offers the lighting industry an opportunity to develop electronic starters small enough to be retrofit replacements for the established electromechanical canisters. Its double thyristor structure with integrated zener clamp diode and current mirror provides the technology for a starter with enhanced features such as controlled flicker free start up, automatic tube shutdown at end of tube life and reduced degradation of tube ends leading to extended life. The increased functionality, lifetime and reliability of these starters has led in some cases to them being embodied in the ballast itself, a development not feasible with the old electromechanical canisters.

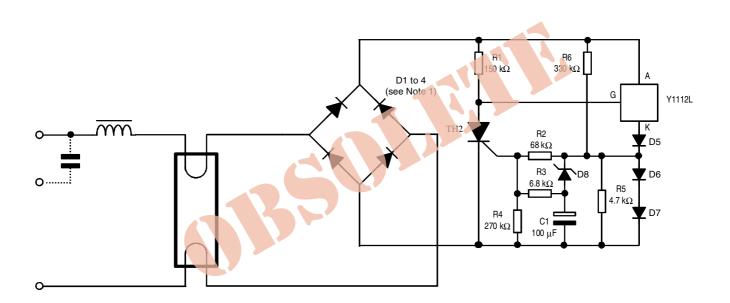


Figure 1. Two terminal starter circuit

NOTE 1: These rectifiers need to be voltage selected for  $V_R \ge V_{(BR)max} + 150 \text{ V}$